Formation of a Limited Liability Company in West Virginia

A Guide for Business Owners





Introduction

You have a great idea and would like to start a business in West Virginia. A friend or family member has advised you to start a limited liability company or maybe you have done some research and have determined that a limited liability company would be perfect for your type of business. This comprehensive guide covers the steps in the process of forming a limited liability company in West Virginia under the Uniform Limited Liability Company Act (WV Code §31 B.), which governs the formation, operation, and dissolution of LLCs in the state.

For more information on determining what business structure would be best for your business, see the West Virginia Guide to Business Start-Up.¹

So, what is a limited liability company? A Limited liability company (LLC) is a type of business structure that has traits of both a partnership and a corporation. Like a corporation, the LLC protects its owners from the liabilities and debts of the business. Like a partnership, the LLC passes its profits and losses to its owners, who report them on their personal tax returns.

In WV, the Business and Licensing Division of the Secretary of State's Office registers domestic and foreign business entities, including LLCs, that are formed under the WV LLC Act or that conduct business in the state. The Articles of Organization for your LLC, as well as other organizational filings, will need to be filed with the Business and Licensing Division.

Please note: This guide is provided for informational purposes only. It does not provide legal advice for any individual situation and should be used in conjunction with, and not as a substitute for, qualified legal counsel. This guide reflects the laws of the state of West Virginia as of the date it is written. As such, you should verify that the information contained in this guide remains current.

Online Registration and Resources

- Create a free online account for your business at www.business4wv.com.
- Helpful information and LLC forms to be filed with the Business and Licensing Division are available on the "Business and Licensing" page of the Secretary of State's website at sos.wv.gov.

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¹ http://sos.wv.gov/business-licensing/Documents/StartingABusinessGuide.pdf

1. Naming Your LLC

Under WV law, the name of your limited liability company must contain "limited liability company" or "limited company" or the abbreviation "L.L.C.", "LLC", "L.C." or "LC". "Limited" may be abbreviated as "Ltd." and "company" may be abbreviated as "Co.".² "Professional" companies must first obtain board approval for the name and must use either: Professional Limited Liability Company; Professional L.L.C.; Professional LLC; P.L.L.C.; PLLC Additionally, one of the most common reasons for rejection of business filings is that the proposed name of the company is already in use in West Virginia. State law requires that the name requested be distinguishable from any other domestic or foreign business entities registered with the WV Secretary of State's office.³

Checking the availability of your business's name will not only satisfy the requirement under WV law to have a distinguishable name but it will also verify that the name will not violate another company's trademark. You can do an initial search for the names you are considering on the Business Organizations Information System.⁴ When conducting the search, you want to search using only the most distinctive word in the name. Refrain from searching common words like "construction" or "food" to prevent you from finding too many matches. In addition, you should check the database of trademarks registered with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO). Use the Trademark Electronic Search System (TESS) to conduct a free online search of the USPTO database.⁵ You may also wish to consult with a trademark lawyer on issues regarding business names.

Once you have found a name you think is available, call the Business Division at (304) 558-8000 to see if the staff believes there will be no conflict. However, a telephone check on availability of a name is not a guarantee, but it will help find a name you can use.

2. Obtain an EIN

LLCs must register with the Internal Revenue Service to obtain a Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN). This process is free and quick. You may complete an online registration at www.irs.gov or you may request a paper application by contacting the IRS at 1-800-829-1040. You must obtain an EIN before attempting to register online with the Secretary of State's through the www.business4wv.com. You will be offered the opportunity to apply for the FEIN (if you do not already have one assigned to your business) during the online registration process, but your online registration will be delayed until you can provide your EIN when prompted to do so through the online registration system.

3. Prepare and File the Articles of Organization

To form an LLC, you must prepare and file the articles of organization for the LLC. See Exhibit A for the Business & Licensing Division's fill-in-the-blank form, which may be used as the articles of organization.

The LLC must have at least one owner, called a "member," and the articles of organization must state:

- The name of the company;
- The address of the initial designated office in West Virginia, if any, and the mailing address of the principal office;
- The name and address of the registered agent for service of process, if any;

² WV Code §31B-1-105(a)

³ WV Code §31B-1-105(b)

⁴ http://apps.sos.wv.gov/business/corporations/

⁵ http://tmsearch.uspto.gov

- The name and address of each organizer and of each member having authority to execute instruments on behalf of the limited liability company;
- Whether the company is to be a term company and, if so, the term specified;
- Whether the company is to be manager-managed and, if so, the name and address of each initial manager;
- Whether one or more of the members of the company are to be liable for its debts and obligations of the company;
- The purpose or purposes for which the limited liability company is organized; and
- An e-mail address where informational notices and reminders of annual filings may be sent, unless there is a technical inability to comply.⁶

Additionally, the articles of organization must be signed in the name of the company by a manager of a manager-managed company, a member of a member-managed company, a person organizing the company, if the company has not been formed, or a trustee or other court-appointed fiduciary.⁷

The LLC is formed once it has at least one member and the articles of organization is filed. (The articles of organization may provide for a delayed effective date.) The articles of organization may be filed with the Business & Licensing Division online on www.business4wv.com or by mail. The filing fee is \$100. This filing fee may be waived if you qualify as a veteran owned organization or under the Young Entrepreneurs Act Waiver. Under standard processing, mail-in and online filings are processed by the division within 5-10 business days from the date the filing fee is received.

4. Prepare an Operating Agreement

Why have an operating agreement?

An operating agreement is a written agreement between the owners (called "members") of the LLC. The operating agreement is like a partnership agreement or corporate bylaws in that it is designed to govern the internal operations of the business in a way that suits the specific needs of its members. Once the document is signed by the members of the limited liability company, it becomes an official contract between the members which binds them to its terms of the agreement. See Exhibit B for a sample operating agreement.

Although an operating agreement is not required under WV law and need not be filed with the Business & Licensing Division, an LLC should have an operating agreement for several reasons, even if the LLC has only one member:

- An operating agreement helps to establish the separate existence of the LLC from the personal
 affairs of its owner(s), distinguish a single-member LLC from a sole proprietorship (which is not
 afforded limited liability status), and protect the limited liability status of the LLC.
- An operating agreement will help to resolve any disagreements between members regarding their rights and obligations.
- The LLC laws in WV contain certain rules that govern the operation of an LLC unless the members agree to have other rules apply. An operating agreement can alter these default rules that govern the management of LLCs. Unless the operating agreement provides otherwise, these default rules will apply. For example:

⁶ WV Code §31B-2-203

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⁷ WV Code §31B-2-205

- o In a member-managed company, each member has equal rights in the management and conduct of the company's business;⁸ and
- Any distributions made by a limited liability company before its dissolution and winding up must be in equal shares.⁹

What should the operating agreement include?

The operating agreement typically covers a variety of topics related to the management of the LLC and the relationship between the organization's members. Below is a list and description of the most common topics covered in an operating agreement. However, many of these items are of only relevant in a multimember LLC. If your organization is a single-member LLC, some of these provisions will not be included in your organization's operating agreement.

- **Purposes:** The purposes for which the LLC is formed and the nature of the business to be conducted.
- Members: The initial members of the LLC.
- Members' Capital Investments: The capital contributions, including any contributions of money, services, or property, that each member has agreed to make and the provision for any additional contributions required to be made.
- **Members' Percentage Ownership Interests:** The members' ownership interests in the LLC, which usually are in proportion to their respective capital investments.
- Allocation of Profits and Losses: How profits and losses will be shared among the members.
- **Distributions of Profits:** How the profits allocated to each member will be distributed to the members, as opposed to being retained in the LLC as operating capital. Payments to LLC members may be made either as distributions of profit or as guaranteed payments. Payment by distribution of profit means that members may withdraw the LLC's profits, when profits are available, at any time. However, the organization can set it up to provide members guaranteed payments. Guaranteed payments are paid out to members in specified amounts at regular intervals.
- Members' Voting Rights: Whether each member is entitled to one vote, or whether the members
 have disproportionate voting powers based on their respective ownership interests in the LLC or
 on some other basis.
- Management Structure: How the business of the LLC is managed. The members may manage
 the LLC themselves (i.e., the LLC is "member-managed"), or they may designate one or more
 managers to take responsibility for the management of the LLC (i.e., the LLC is "managermanaged"), or they may provide for management authority to be shared among the members and
 managers as they find appropriate. The organization will elect to be either a member-managed LLC
 or a manage-managed LLC in the Articles of Organization filed with the Secretary of State.
- Meeting and Voting Procedures: Whether meetings of the members or managers are to be held, how those meetings are conducted, and the vote required to approve a proposed action. The operating agreement should specify the procedures for calling meetings of the members or managers, the frequency of the meetings, whether the meetings must be held in person or may be

⁸ WV Code §31B-4-404(a)(1)

⁹ WV Code §31B-4-405(a)

held electronically, whether action may be taken without a meeting, and what votes are required to approve proposed action. Unless the operating agreement provides otherwise, matters in the ordinary course of the LLC's activities will be decided by a majority vote, and matters outside the ordinary course of the LLC's activities will be decided by a unanimous vote.

- **Procedures for Admitting New Members:** The terms and procedures, including any required consent or vote of the members, that govern the admission of new members.
- Transfer Rights of Members: The rules that govern the transfer of the members' ownership interests in the LLC when, for example, a member dies, becomes disabled, or wishes to sell his or her interest. The operating agreement should contain any conditions and restrictions on transfer that may be appropriate in light of the particular circumstances of the LLC. For example, the operating agreement of a family-owned LLC may provide that a member may transfer an ownership interest only to other family members. More generally, an operating agreement may provide that an ownership interest may be transferred only with the consent of the other members, either unanimously or by a majority or supermajority vote. The operating agreement also may provide for rights of first refusal in the event of any proposed transfer of a membership interest. Rights of first refusal give the non-selling members of the LLC the option to buy, under specified terms, the selling member's interest before the selling member may offer his or her interest for sale to a third party.

What is not allowed to be included in an operating agreement?

Although WV law allows members of an LLC to modify their organization with an operating agreement, there are some specific requirements that an operating agreement may not change.

The operating agreement may not:

- Unreasonably restrict a right to information or access to records by its members.
- Eliminate or unreasonably reduce fiduciary duties between members such as the duty of loyalty or the duty of care. However, the agreement may identify specific types or categories of activities that do not violate the duty of loyalty or determine the percentage of members or disinterested managers that may authorize or ratify, after full disclosure of all material facts, a specific act or transaction that otherwise would violate the duty of loyalty;
- Eliminate the obligation of good faith and fair dealing, but the operating agreement may determine
 the standards by which the performance of the obligation is to be measured, if the standards are
 not manifestly unreasonable;
- Vary the right to expel a member upon a judicial determination.
- Vary the requirement to wind up the LLC due to event that makes it unlawful for all or substantially all of the business of the company to be continued or after a judicial decree.
- Restrict rights of a person, other than a manager, member, or transferee of a member's distributional interest.¹⁰

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¹⁰ WV Code §31B-1-103(b)(1)–(7)

5. Hold an Organizational Meeting

Once the LLC is formed, the members or managers should hold their first organizational meeting. The items of business at an organizational meeting generally include the following:

- Selecting the managers of the LLC, if the LLC is to have managers;
- Electing the officers of the LLC, if the LLC is to have officers; and
- Authorizing the opening of a bank account for the LLC to keep its finances separate from those of its members.

6. Register with the State Tax Department

All businesses are required to register with the West Virginia State Tax Department for the Business Registration Certificate (i.e., Business License) to obtain a business license identification number. The West Virginia Office of Business Registration paper application (Form WV/BUS-APP) is the primary form provided by that agency to apply for this certificate. When filling out the Form WV/BUS-APP, all businesses must also register for an Unemployment Compensation Account. The State Tax Department also provides information relating to all taxes such as sales and use, license, severance, gasoline, withholding, and much more. For more information, visit their website at http://tax.wv.gov or call 1-800-982-8297. See Exhibit C for the Form WV/BUS-APP.

7. Maintain Tax Filings

Unlike a corporation, an LLC does not pay taxes. Rather, like a sole proprietorship or a partnership, it is treated as a "pass-through entity" because it passes its profits and losses to its members, who report them on their personal tax returns. A single-member LLC is taxed like a sole proprietorship. The LLC itself is disregarded for tax purposes—it does not pay taxes—and its member reports all profits or losses of the LLC on his or her personal tax return on Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Form 1040, along with a Schedule C, E or F. See Exhibit D for a Sample Form 1040.

By default, a multimember LLC is taxed like a partnership and, like a partnership, generally must file Form 1065. Form 1065 is an informational return that a multimember LLC must file with the IRS, even though the LLC itself does not pay taxes. Each member's allocated share of profit, if any, is taxed as personal income to each member, whether or not the profit is actually distributed to the member. See Exhibit E for a sample Form 1065. An LLC may elect to be taxed like a corporation, rather than like a sole proprietorship or a partnership, by completing Form 8832. See Exhibit F for a sample Form 8832.

Members who work or actively participate in the management of the LLC may also be required to pay self-employment tax on their share of the LLC's profits. Passive members—those who do not actively participate in the management of the LLC's business operations—report their share of the LLC's profits as passive income and are not subject to self-employment tax. Members who are required to pay self-employment tax must file a Schedule SE. See Exhibit G for a sample Schedule SE.

8. Open a Bank Account

Now that you have formed your LLC, you should open a business bank account. It is important to keep your business banking separate from your personal banking. This will allow you to keep accurate records of your business's financials.

9. Obtain Workers Compensation Insurance

If you will want to have employees in your LLC, you are required by law to obtain workers' compensation insurance coverage. Failure to obtain and maintain proper Workers' Compensation Insurance coverage will subject you to a number of consequences, including the following:

- Administrative fines by the Insurance Commissioner up to \$10,000;
- Loss of immunity against civil liability (you may be sued by your employee)
- Immediate revocation of business license and permits;
- Business may be enjoined from continuing operation;
- Business and personal liability for all workers' compensation claims paid plus attorney's fees.

For more information regarding Workers' Compensation Insurance you can contact the following:

Offices of the Insurance Commissioner
Employer Coverage Unit
1124 Smith Street
Post Office Box 11682
Charleston, West Virginia 25339-1682
Web site: http://www.wvinsurance.gov
Telephone: 304 558-6279, Ext. 1202

10. Additional Considerations

Although these are not required to organize your LLC in WV, below is a list of additional aspects you may want to consider when forming your company.

- 1. Name Reservation. You may want to consider reserving your company's name while your completing steps 2 and 3. You can file to reserve your name for 120 days by filing an Application for Name Reservation with the Business & Licensing Division. This form can only be filed by mail for a filing fee of \$15 with checks made payable to the West Virginia Secretary of State. See Exhibit H for the Application for Name Reservation form. This process is useful to reserve a business name while you prepare to file other organizational documents for your LLC.
- 2. Tradename. Additionally, WV allows businesses to conduct business under a trade name (or "fictitious name") that is different from the registered name of your business. For example, businesses may want to register a tradename if they normally refer the business by a completely different name, a shortened name, or a name which merely drops the corporate term. The law sets no limits on the number of trade names which may be registered by one person or company. Before filing a tradename, the business should again conduct an initial search of the name on the Business Organizations Information System.

You can then file a tradename by filing an Application for Tradename (DBA) with the Business & Licensing Division. This form can be filed online on your www.business4wv.com account or by sending the form to the Business Organizations Division. There is a \$25 filing fee made payable to the West Virginia Secretary of State for each tradename your business would like to register. It is important to note that tradenames are not "protected" from use by other companies through trade name registration. See Exhibit I for the Application for Tradename (DBA) form.

3. Register for a Trademark. To protect your organization's name, trade name, or logo, a service mark or trade mark application should be considered. ¹¹ You can register for a service mark or trademark both with the state and federally. In order to obtain the most protection of your organization's intellectual

¹¹ http://sos.wv.gov/business-licensing/trademarkservicemarks

property, you should register trademark or service mark with the USPTO. You can find a great deal of resources about registering on the USPTO's website at https://www.uspto.gov/trademark. Prices to register a trademark or service mark range from \$225-\$400 per application, depending on the amount of classifications you wish to register. It is highly recommended that you contact a trademark attorney to assist you with any applications.

Additionally, you can register to your organization's name, trade name, or logo with the State. This will grant you protections against other businesses operating in West Virginia. There is a \$50 filing fee made payable to the West Virginia Secretary of State for each class of business you would like to register your trademark or service mark. Again, it is highly recommended you consult with a trademark attorney to assist you with any applications. See Exhibit J for a sample West Virginia Trademark Application Form.

- **4. Obtain a P.O. Box.** If you are lucky enough to have a physical location for your company, you may not need to get a PO Box. However, if you are like may start up LLC's, it is important to have a location where your business mail will be sent that is different for your home address. This way, it is easier to separate your personal documents from your organization's documents.
- **5. Purchase Additional Insurance.** Your organization may want to consider obtaining other types of business insurance such as:
 - Property and Casualty Insurance Property insurance covers the physical location of the business (even if it is rented or leased) and its contents from things like fire, theft, flood, and earthquakes although read the terms carefully to make sure they include everything you need. Casualty insurance, on the other hand, covers the operation of the business, but the two are usually grouped together in policies.
 - Commercial Auto Insurance Commercial auto insurance covers your business for loss or damage
 to vehicles used by your business and for damage to others caused by your business vehicles.
 Note that vehicles used for business are not covered under your personal auto insurance policy
 even if a vehicle is used for both business and personal purposes.
 - Liability Insurance Liability insurance covers you in the event someone sues you for negligence, which can occur, for instance, if someone falls on your property.
 - Product Liability Insurance Product liability insurance covers your business for damages caused by a product designed, supplied, or manufactured by your business.
 - Business Interruption Insurance Business interruption insurance can make up for lost cash flow and profits incurred because of an event that has interrupted your normal business operations.
 - Health Insurance Health insurance provides health coverage for you and your employees.
 - Life and Disability Insurance Life and disability insurance covers your business in the event of the death or disability of key owners, partners, or employees.
- **6. Hire an Accountant and an Attorney.** Finally, you may want to hire both an accountant and an attorney. As your business grows, you will need advice on any tax issues, records management, liability concerns, and overall best business practices.

EXHIBIT A Sample Articles of Organization Form

WEST VIRGINIA ARTICLES OF ORGANIZATION OF LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Form LLD-1 Rev. 12/2017



West Virginia Secretary of State

Business & Licensing Division Tel: (304)558-8000 Fax: (304)558-8381 Website: www.wvsos.gov

FILE ONE ORIGINAL

(Two if you want a filed stamped
copy returned to you.)
EH ING EEE GAAA

FILING FEE: \$100 * Fee Waived for Veteran-	owned organization		Control #
* * * * * We acting as organizer: Articles of Org	s according to West Virginia ganization for a West Virginia		
1. The name of the West Virginia limited shall be: [The name must contain one of the requ liability company" or abbreviations such as "LLC" for a list of acceptable terms.]	liability company ired terms such as "limited		
CHECK BOX to indicate you've included	one of the REQUIRED CORPO	PRATE NAME ENDINGS (See instructions for name endings).
will be a: (See S Profes Verification Profes Verification Profes Verification Profes Profes	ssional LLC* for the profession ection 2. of the attached instructions sional business organizations: CHI cation of Eligibility (Form VOE) to er 30 of WV Code. Your application	for list of accepted profession ECK BOX indicating you have these Articles if your profession	attached the state licensing board on meets the requirements as defined by
3. The address of the principal office of the company will be:	Street:		
	City:	State:	Zip Code:
Located in the County of (required):	County:		
The mailing address of the above location, if different, will be:	Street:		
	City:	State:	Zip Code:
4. The address of the initial designated (physical) office of the company in	Street:		
West Virginia, if any, will be:	City:	State:	Zip Code:
Located in the County of:	County:		
The mailing address of the above location, if different, will be:	Street:		
location, if different, will be.	City:	State:	Zip Code:
5. The name and address of the person (agent) to whom notice of process	Name:		
may be sent, if any, will be:	Street:		
	City:	State:	Zip Code:

Reset Form

Print Form

14. Is the business a Scrap Metal Dealer ?						
Yes [If "Yes," you must complete the Scrap M	etal Dealer Registration For	m (Form SMD-1) and proceed to Section 15.]				
No [Proceed to Section 15.]						
5. Other provisions which may be set forth in the operating agreement or matters not inconsistent with law: [See instructions for further information; use extra pages if necessary.]						
16. The number of pages attached and included in these Articles is:						
17. The requested effective date is [Requested date <i>may not be earlier than filing nor</i>	the date and time of filing in the Secretary of State's Office.					
later than 90 days after filing in our office.]	the following date	and time				
18. Is the organization a "veteran-owned" organiza	tion?					
Effective JULY 1, 2015, to meet the requirement the following criteria per West Virginia Code §59		rganization, the entity filing the registration must meet				
 A "veteran" must be honorably discharged or 12. A "veteran-owned business" means a business o Is at least fifty-one percent (51%) uncondition oo In the case of a publicly owned business, at I more veterans. 	s that meets one of the follo onally owned by one or mor	wing criteria:				
Yes (If "Yes," attach Form DD214)	CHECK BOX indicating	ng you have attached Veteran Affairs Form DD214				
No	You may obtain a copy of your Veterans Affairs Form DD214 by contacting:	National Personnel Records Center Military Personnel Records 1 Archives Drive St. Louis, MO 63138 Toll free: 1-86-NARA-NARA or 1-866-272-6272 Phone: 314-801-0800 www.archives.gov/veterans/military-service-records				
Per WV Code <u>59-1-2(j)</u> effective <u>July 1, 2015</u> , the <u>reorganization</u> . See attached instructions to determine if four (4) consecutive years of Annual Report fees wai	the organization qualifies for t	entities that meet the requirements as a "veteran-owned" his waiver. In addition, a "veteran-owned" entity will have				
19. Contact and Signature Information* (See belo	ow <i>Important Legal Notice</i>	Regarding Signature):				
a. Contact person to reach in case there is a proble	em with filing:	Phone:				
b. Print or type name of signer:		Title/Capacity of signer:				
c. Signature:	Date:					
If a record authorized or required to be filed under this	chapter contains a false staten	1B-2-209. Liability for false statement in filed record. lent, one who suffers loss by reliance on the statement may o sign it on the person's behalf and knew the statement to be				
<u>Important Note</u> : This form is a public document. Pleas security number, bank account numbers, credit card num		onal identifiable information on this form such as social r's license numbers.				

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILING ARTICLES OF ORGANIZATION

BEFORE you fill out the application: The company name you select will be approved **only** if it is available - that is, if the name is not the same as and is distinguishable from any other name which has been reserved or filed. If you prepare LLC papers without applying for and receiving a name reservation, you do so at your own risk. A telephone check on availability of a name is not a guarantee of name availability. You may apply for a **name reservation** in writing, accompanied by a \$15 fee made payable to the WV Secretary of State, mailed to the address shown above. Once approved, you are guaranteed exclusive use of the name for 120 days, enough time to prepare and submit the articles. If you plan to do business under any name, other than the name on your certificate of organization, you must register that trade name with the Secretary of State. Failure to do so could result in a fine or imprisonment.

FILLING OUT THE APPLICATION

Section 1. Enter the exact name of the company and be sure to include one of the required corporate name endings: "limited liability company," "limited company," or the abbreviations "L.L.C.," "L.C.," or "L.C.," or "L.C.," or "L.C.," and "Company" may be abbreviated as "Co." [WV Code §31B-1-105] Professional companies must use "professional limited liability company," "professional L.L.C.," "professional L.L.C.," "P.L.L.C.," or "PLLC." [WV Code §31B-13-1303]

Section 2. LLC vs. PLLC - Check the first box unless your company qualifies as a Professional LLC. A Professional LLC may be organized only by one or more persons licensed or otherwise legally authorized to provide the <u>same or compatible</u> professional services or to practice together within the state. No person may be a member of the PLLC who is not licensed or otherwise legally authorized to render the professional service for which the PLLC was organized. Only the following professions listed below under the specified articles of <u>Chapter 30</u> of West Virginia Code may form a PLLC. If you are a member of another profession, please contact your licensing board before attempting to establish your business as a regular LLC.

Attorneys-at-law	[Article 2]	Physicians & Podiatrists	[Article 3]
Dentists	[Article 4]	Optometrists	[Article 8]
Accountants	[Article 9]	Veterinarians	[Article 10]
Architects	[Article 12]	Engineers	[Article 13]
Land Surveyors	Article 13a	Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons	[Article 14]
Chiropractors	[Article 16]	Psychologists	[Article 21]
Social Workers	[Article 30]	Acupuncturists	[Article 36]

Important For PLLC's: CHECK BOX indicating you have attached Verification of Eligibility (Form VOE) to these Articles if your profession meets the requirements as defined by Chapter 30 of the WV Code. The Secretary of State cannot complete your filing until verification is received from the appropriate State licensing board that the licenses of your members are current and in full effect. A PLLC is required to carry at all times \$1 million of professional limited liability insurance [See WV Code §31B-13-1305]. Your application will be rejected if the VOE is not attached.

Section 3. The **principal office address** need not be in WV, but is the principal place of business for the company. This is generally the address where all corporate documents (records) are maintained. You may change the principal office address by filing with the Secretary of State an Application to Appoint or Change Address, Agent, or Officers [Form AAO] (fee \$15).

The county in which the principal office address is located is required to be listed.

The **principal mailing address** need not be in WV, but is the principal place of business for the company. This is the address to which all correspondence from our office is mailed. You may change the principal mailing address by filing with the Secretary of State an Application to Appoint or Change Address, Agent, or Officers [Form AAO] (fee \$15).

Section 4. The **designated (physical) office** location need not be the principal place of business. You may change the designated (physical) office by filing with the Secretary of State an Application to Appoint or Change Address, Agent, or Officers [Form AAO] (fee \$15).

The county in which the designated (physical) office address is located.

The mailing address of the designated (physical) office address, if different from the designated (physical) office address.

- **Section 5.** You may wish to maintain an "**agent for service of process**" in West Virginia who can receive service of a summons or complaint. The agent may be an individual resident, a corporation, or another limited liability company. You may change your agent by filing with the Secretary of State an Application to Appoint or Change Address, Agent, or Officers [**Form AAO**] (fee \$15).
- Section 6. List an e-mail address (yourname@domainname.com) where you can receive important e-mail notifications (e.g., Annual Report notices).
- Section 7. List the website address (domainname.com) of the business, if any. DO NOT list a physical mailing address.
- Section 8. Indicate whether or not you own or operate more than one business in West Virginia. If "Yes"...
 - a. List the total number of businesses in West Virginia in the space provided.
 - b. List the total number of counties in West Virginia in which the businesses conduct operations.
- **Section 9.** One or more persons may **organize** a limited liability company. The **name and address of each organizer** having authority to execute instruments on behalf of the limited liability company **is required**.
- **Section 10.** An **AT-WILL company** will continue to exist until voluntarily terminated or administratively dissolved. A **TERM company** is one in which its members have agreed to remain members until the expiration of a term specified in the articles. If neither box is marked, or if the length of term is not specified, the company will be established as an at-will company.

- Section 11. a. You must list the name and address of each MEMBER having authority to execute instruments on behalf of the limited liability company (see WV Code §31B-2-203).
- b. Select the type of management structure of the limited liability company. For a MEMBER-managed company, the authority to transact business and execute instruments is in the hands of the members, and any member may act to carry on the ordinary course of the company's business as an agent of the company. If choosing MEMBER-managed, list all MEMBER information in the spaces provided under item #11a. For a MANAGER-managed company, a manager, who may or may not be a member, is an agent of the company for the purpose of its business. If choosing MANAGER-managed, list all MANAGER information in the spaces provided under this section (item #11b.). See WV Code §31B for more information about the authority of members & managers.
- Section 12. DO NOT check "Yes" to this question <u>UNLESS</u> and <u>UNTIL</u> you have in hand the written consent of those members who are liable for all debts, obligations and liabilities of the company agreeing to the adoption of or to be bound by this provision in the operating agreement. The liabilities may not be assigned on the belief that members will consent.
- Section 13. The State Tax Department requests that you describe the purposes of the limited liability company clearly to insure you receive all the necessary information about registering with the required state agencies. Please note that filing Articles of Organization alone does not qualify you to do business in West Virginia. You must obtain a business license from the West Virginia Department of Tax and Revenue, and you may be required to meet other licensing requirements to conduct the type of business you intend. Attach additional pages if necessary.
- Section 14. If the business activities include "Scrap Metal Dealer", check "Yes" and complete the Scrap Metal Dealer Registration Form (Form SMD-1) [per revised West Virginia Business Code §61-3-49-(b)(4)] and submit with your application. Proceed to Section 15. If "No," proceed to Section 15.
- **Section 15.** The articles may include provisions permitted to be set forth in an operating agreement [but may not vary the non-waivable provisions of WV Code §31B-1-103(b)] and other matters not inconsistent with law. If any provision of the operating agreement is inconsistent with the articles of organization, the articles control as to persons other than managers, members and their transferees who reasonably rely on the articles to their detriment.
- **Section 16.** List the number of attached pages to insure your complete filing is recorded.
- **Section 17.** You may accept the date of filing by the Office of Secretary of State as your effective date, or assign a future date and time when the company will be activated. If the date you give is more than 90 days after the filing date by the Secretary of State, the active date will be the 90th day after filing. If you do not specify a time, the filing is effective at the close of business on that date.
- Section 18. Check the appropriate box indicating whether or not the organization is "veteran-owned." Effective JULY 1, 2015, the following criteria must be met in order to qualify as a "veteran-owned" entity: (1) veteran must be "honorably discharged or under honorable conditions;" and (2) if a publicly-owned entity, at least fifty-one per cent (51%) of the stock must be unconditionally owned by one or more veterans [see WV Code 59-1-2a(12)-(13)(A)(B)]. If "Yes," you must include with this application a copy of your Veteran Affairs Form DD214.
- **Section 19.** AN ORGANIZER MUST SIGN THE APPLICATION. Listing a contact person and phone number is optional, however listing a person to contact in case of a problem with filing may help to speed the filing process along and avoid possible rejection of the document.

ANNUAL REPORT NOTICE: WV Code 59-1-2a (see also 31B-2-211) requires every limited liability company [both domestic (in-state) and foreign (out-of-state)] to file an annual report and pay the annual report filing fee between January 1 and July 1 of each year following the calendar year in which the business was registered with the Office of the Secretary of State. The \$25 annual report fee is waived for Veteran-owned entities for the following four (4) years after initial formation [see WV Code 59-1-2a(m)]. Failure to file may result in revocation of the organization's legal authority to transact business in the state. Notification of the filing requirement will be sent, but the company is responsible for filing the annual report as required by WV Code. You may file the annual report online at www.business4wv.com. You must register a User Account Login ID and Password to create a personal "Filing Cabinet" to file the annual report.

FILING THE ARTICLES - ONE ORIGINAL REQUIRED - AND PAYING THE FEE Send an additional original if you want a filed date-stamped copy returned to you at no additional cost.

The filing fee will consist of paying a registration fee. If requesting a certified copy, an additional fee of \$15 per certified copy requested is required.

	Registration fee - \$100
	* Veteran-owned entity registration FEE WAIVED - \$0
Registration fee*	[Registration fee is waived for "veteran-owned" entity effective <u>July 1, 2015</u> per WV Code
\$15 per certified copy: +	59-1-2(j); Be sure to attach the veteran proof of status Veteran Affairs Form DD214 when claiming "veteran-owned" status.]
Total fee: =	

*** Make your checks payable to West Virginia Secretary of State. ****

TEXT ALERTS: Stay up-to-date regarding filing deadlines and changes to business, charity, notary, private investigation, and security guard laws. To sign up, go to www.wvsos.gov and click on the Business and Licensing category link. On the Business and Licensing page, scroll down and click on the Click Here To Sign Up For Text Alerts From The West Virginia Secretary Of State's Office link. Next, under the heading, "Choose SMS Subscription," click the down arrow and select "Business and Licensing." Then enter your ten-digit mobile phone number and your cellular carrier. Click Subscribe. This will allow you to get important information delivered right to your mobile phone. Please note, standard text messaging rates apply and you may unsubscribe at any time.

TERMINATION: A limited liability company is a legal entity which can only be terminated through formal action - not by a letter or phone call. You remain liable for all taxes, assessments, fines, penalties and interest until you receive a certificate of termination from the Secretary of State. Contact us for more information.

EXHIBIT B Sample Operating Agreement

DISCLAIMER

The attached materials are intended for informational purposes only and are based on the laws of West Virginia. Applicable laws differ from jurisdiction to jurisdiction, and may change over time, and these materials do not and are not intended to constitute legal advice addressing any organization's specific circumstances and legal needs. You should not rely on the attached materials as a substitute for, nor do they replace, professional legal advice. If you have any concerns or questions about a legal matter, you should consult with a licensed lawyer for direct legal advice. The WVU College of Law Entrepreneurship and Innovation Law Clinic is not responsible for any actions or inaction on your part based on the information in the attached materials. Use of or reference to the attached materials does not create an attorney-client relationship with the WVU College of Law Entrepreneurship and Innovation Law Clinic.

Under no circumstances will the WVU College of Law Entrepreneurship and Innovation Law Clinic be responsible for any loss or damage resulting from any use of these materials. The WVU College of Law Entrepreneurship and Innovation Law Clinic neither represents, warrants, covenants, guarantees, nor promises any specific results from use of the attached materials.

THE ATTACHED MATERIALS ARE PROVIDED "AS IS" WITH NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. YOU ASSUME ALL RESPONSIBILITY AND RISK FOR YOUR USE OF THE ATTACHED MATERIALS.

LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AGREEMENT OF ______, LLC

	s Limited Liability Company Agreement (this "Agreement") of, LLC e "Company") is entered into by [name of Member], as the sole member (the "Member").
We	e Member, by execution of this Agreement, hereby forms the Company pursuant to Chapter 31B of the est Virginia Code, the Uniform Limited Liability Company Act (the "Act") by Articles of Organization with Secretary of State of the State of West Virginia on
1.	Name. The name of the limited liability company formed hereby is The business of the LLC may be conducted under any other name permitted by the Act that is selected by the Member.
2.	Filing of Articles. The Member is authorized to execute, deliver and file any other articles, certificates, notices or documents (and any amendments and/or restatements thereof) necessary for the Company to qualify to do business in any jurisdiction in which the Company may wish to conduct business.
3.	Agent for Service of Process. The Company shall continuously maintain an agent for service of process in the State of West Virginia.
4.	Principal Place of Business. The principal place of business of the Company shall be located at such place or places as may be determined by the Member(s) from time to time.
5.	Purposes. The Company is formed for the object and purpose of, and the nature of the business to be conducted and promoted by the Company is The Company may engage in any lawful act or activity for which limited liability companies may be formed under the Act.
6.	Powers. In furtherance of its purposes, but subject to all of the provisions of this Agreement, the Company shall have and may exercise all the powers now or hereafter conferred by WV law on limited liability companies formed under the Act and all powers necessary, convenient or incidental to accomplish its purposes as set forth in Section 5.
7.	Term. The term of the Company shall be perpetual from the date of filing of the Articles of Organization of the Company, unless the Company is dissolved earlier in accordance with either the provisions of this Agreement or the Act.
8.	Member. The name and the mailing address of the Member are as follows:
	Name Address

9. In General. The powers of this Company shall be exercised by, or under the authority of, the Member(s). In addition, the business affairs of the Company shall be managed under the direction of the Member(s). Subject to the limitations set forth in this Agreement, the Member(s) shall be entitled to make all decisions and take all actions for the Company.

- 10. Member(s). The Company shall, at all times have one or more Members. The Member's names, addresses, and share of the Company shall be listed in Exhibit A of this Agreement. If any new Members are added to the Company, the Member shall revise Exhibit A to include the new members' names and address, as well as the shares of and Ownership Interest in the Company. Each Member's Ownership Interest may be evidenced by a certificate or certificates if the Members choose, provided that the certificate or certificates must reference the restrictions on transfer of Ownership Interests contained in this Agreement. A Member may request a copy of the certificate or certificates at any time.
- 11. Management. Except as otherwise limited by this Agreement, a Member shall have the power to do any and all acts necessary, convenient or incidental to or for the furtherance of the purposes described herein, including all powers, statutory or otherwise, provided, however, that the Company may, at its election, appoint one or more officers to exercise the rights under this Agreement. A Member shall be entitled to make all decisions and take all actions for the Company, and a Member has the authority to bind the Company.
- **12.** Limited Liability. Except as otherwise provided by the Act, the debts, obligations and liabilities of the Company, whether arising in contract, tort or otherwise, shall be solely the debts, obligations and liabilities of the Company, and the Member shall not be obligated personally for any such debt, obligation or liability of the Company solely by reason of being a member of the Company.
- **13. Fiscal Year.** The fiscal year of the Company for financial, accounting and tax purposes shall initially be the fiscal year commencing on [date] and ending on [date] (the "Fiscal Year"). The Member shall have authority to change the beginning and ending dates of the Fiscal Year.
- **14. Bank Accounts.** All funds of the Company shall be deposited in its name in such checking and savings accounts, time deposits, certificates of deposit or other accounts at such banks as shall be designated by the Member.
- **15. Capital Contributions.** The Member is deemed admitted as a member of the Company upon its execution and delivery of this Agreement. The Member [has contributed]/[agrees to contribute] the amount in cash or property set forth on Exhibit A hereto, and no other cash or property, to the Company.
- **16. Additional Contributions.** The Member is not required to make any additional capital contribution to the Company. However, the Member may voluntarily make additional capital contributions to the Company in any form and at any time. To the extent that the Member makes an additional capital contribution to the Company, the Member shall revise Exhibit A hereto.
- **17. Allocation of Profits and Losses.** For so long as the Member is the sole member of the Company, the Company's profits and losses shall be allocated solely to the Member.
- **18. Distributions.** Distributions shall be made to the Member at the times and in the aggregate amounts determined by the Member. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary contained in this Agreement, the Company shall not make a distribution to the Member on account of its interest in the Company if such distribution would violate the Act or other applicable law.
- 19. Tax Treatment. The Member acknowledges that because the Company will have a single Member, the Company shall be disregarded as an entity separate from its owner for federal income tax purposes, unless it changes its classification for federal income tax purposes to that of a corporation or until the Company has more than one member, in which case it would be treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes (again, provided that the Company has not elected to be treated as a corporation). Regardless of the Company's classification, the Company shall keep books and records separate from

those of its sole Member and shall at all times segregate and account for all of its assets and liabilities separately from those of its sole Member.

- 20. Admission of Additional Members. One or more additional members may be admitted to the Company with the written consent of the Member and upon such terms (including with respect to participation in the management, profits, losses and distributions of the Company) as may be determined by the Member and the additional persons or entities to be admitted. This Agreement, including Exhibit A, shall be amended as appropriate to reflect the admission to the Company of any such additional member.
- 21. Dissociation. The Member may at any time dissociate as a member of the Company. If the Member withdraws from the Company pursuant to this Section, an additional member may be admitted to the Company upon its execution of an instrument signifying its agreement to be bound by the terms and conditions of this Agreement. Such admission shall be deemed effective immediately prior to the resignation.
- **22. Dissolution.** The Company shall dissolve and its affairs shall be wound up upon the first to occur of any of the following events (each a "Terminating Dissolution"):
 - (a) A unanimous vote of the Member(s) to dissolve the company;
 - **(b)** Any time there are no members of the Company, unless the Company is continued in accordance with the Act,
 - (c) The entry of a decree of judicial dissolution pursuant to the Act;
 - (d) The insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company;
 - (e) The death of a Member, if the remaining Members holding a majority of the disinterested Ownership Interests agree that the Company shall be discontinued because of the event;
 - (f) The sale of all or substantially all of the Company's assets; or
 - (g) An event that makes it unlawful all or substantially all of the business of the Company to be continued, unless the Members cure the illegality within ninety (90) days after notice to the Company of the event.
- **23. Winding Up of the Company.** Upon a Terminating Dissolution of the Company, the Member(s) shall wind up the business and affairs of the Company in an orderly manner pursuant to the Act. The Company assets remaining upon the satisfaction of the Company's creditors may be distributed in cash or in kind and shall be distributed in the proportion to each Member's Ownership Interest.
- 24. Indemnification. The Company shall indemnify any Member (the "Indemnified Party") who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, except an action by or in the right of the Company, by reason of the fact that such person is or was a Member, against expenses, including attorney's fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by such Member in connection with the action, suit or proceeding if such Member acted in good faith and in a manner which the Member reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interest of the Company. With respect to a criminal action or proceeding, the Company shall indemnify the Member only if the Member had no reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful. The Member shall not be entitled to indemnification if such judgment, penalty, fine, or other expense was directly caused by such Member's fraud, gross negligence, or willful misconduct.
- 25. Assignments. The Member may at any time assign in whole or in part its limited liability company interest in the Company. Any such assignment shall comply with all applicable law. If the Member transfers any of its interest in the Company pursuant to this Section, the transferee shall be admitted

to the Company upon its execution of an instrument signifying its agreement to be bound by the terms and conditions of this Agreement. If a Member transfers all of its interest in the Company, such admission shall be deemed effective immediately prior to the transfer, and, immediately following such admission, the transferor Member shall cease to be a member of the Company.

- **26.** Competing Activities. Nothing in this Agreement shall be deemed to restrict in any way the freedom of a Member to conduct any business or activity separate from the Company, unless such business or activity competes directly with the business or activity of the Company.
- 27. Notices. Any notice, election, or other communication provided for or required by this Agreement shall be in writing and sent either electronically or by the United States Postal Service. If sent by the United States Postal Service, such notice shall be deemed to have been received when delivered by hand or on the fifth calendar day following its deposit in the United States mail, certified or registered, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, properly addressed to the person to whom such notice is intended to be given at the address the person previously furnished in writing to the Company, or at the person's last known address. If the Notice is sent electronically, the Notice shall be deemed to have been received by the fifth calendar day following the electronic transmission of the Notice.
- 28. No Third-Party Rights. The provisions of this Agreement are intended solely to benefit the Member and, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, shall not be construed as conferring any benefit upon any third-party, including any creditor of the Company (and no such creditor shall be a third-party beneficiary of this Agreement), and the Member shall have no duty or obligation to any creditor of the Company to make any contributions or payments to the Company.
- 29. Severability of Provisions. Each provision of this Agreement shall be considered severable and if, for any reason, any provision or provisions herein are determined to be invalid, unenforceable or illegal under any existing or future law, such invalidity, unenforceability or illegality shall not impair the operation of or affect those portions of this Agreement which are valid, enforceable and legal.
- **30.** Entire Agreement. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement of the Member with respect to the subject matter hereof. If persons other than the Member are entitled to indemnity under this Agreement, the right of such third parties to indemnification should be referred to as an exception to this section.
- **31. Governing Law.** This Agreement shall be governed by, and construed under, the laws of West Virginia, without regard to conflict of laws principles. All rights and remedies being governed by said laws.
- **32. Amendments.** This Agreement may not be modified, altered, supplemented or amended except pursuant to a written agreement executed and delivered by the Member.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Agreement has been executed by the Member(s) as of the date first above written.

MEMBER:		
[Print Members Name]	 	-

EXHIBIT A

SCHEDULE OF MEMBERS & PERCENTAGE SHARES

MEMBERS: The following person is a member of the Company:

Member	Address
[Name]	[Address]

OWNERSHIP

PERCENTAGES: The Member's Ownership Interest in the Company is set forth

opposite of the Member's name below:

Member	Percentage Share
[Name]	100%
TOTAL	100%

CAPITAL

CONTRIBUTIONS: The Member's Capital Contributions to the Company is set forth

Opposite of the Member's name below:

<u>Member</u>	Capital Contribution
[Name]	\$

EXHIBIT C Form WV/BUS-APP

Clear Form **Print Form**

Go to Page 2

Use tab key to move from field to field

WV/BUS-APP Rev. 01-13

WEST VIRGINIA OFFICE OF BUSINESS REGISTRATION PAGE 1 OF 3 INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETION ARE FOUND ON PAGE 11 OF THE BOOKLET

SECTION A : COMPLETE THIS :	SECTION TO REGISTER	WITH THE WEST VIRGINIA	STATE TAX DEPARTMENT			
West Virginia Taxpayer Identifica If you have a Federal Employers Identification Nu employees must have a FEIN). If sole-owner (no	mber, enter it. (All partnerships, corpor	ations, and sole-owners with per.				
2. Business name and actual phys	sical location	3. Mailing address (where ret	urns are to be sent)			
Legal business or corporate name (Type or	print using blue/black ink)	Name (Type or print using Checkhere in	f mailing address same as business address 🔲			
DBA division, subsidiary, or trade name		Additional space for name if needed				
Owner's name (if sole owner)		Check to use a	ddress on other business registration forms 🗍 🔲			
Address (Street) DO NOT USE A POST OF	FFICE BOX NUMBER	Address (Street or P. O. Box)				
City State		City	State Zip code			
4. NAICS/Business Description (Re	fer to www.wvtax.gov to c	obtain NAICS information) Clic	k here for NAICS Business Codes			
Enter primary NAICS:	Description	of your business activity (REQUIRED)				
Secondary NAICS:						
5. Business Data:	3.3. W. W. W					
 A. Beginning date of business in West Vi B. County where business is located. NO 	-7	TO 100 TO				
C. Contact Information: Name:			<u></u>			
D. E-mail address:						
E. Estimated annual gross income for thi		over \$20,000				
F. Previous name of this business, if any,	owner's name and location:		-3-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-			
If yes, give name and West Virginia Ide H. If you have other locations registered	G. Are you now or have you ever been registered to do business in West Virginia? If yes, give name and West Virginia Identification Number: H. If you have other locations registered or multiple business locations being registered, do you desire to file consolidated tax returns?					
Yes No If yes, enter taxe	es to be consolidated and West	Virginia Identification Number you desir	e to file under:			
Taxable year end for Federal Tax purposes – Enter month:						
J. If nonprofit, do you have 501-C exemption status from the IRS? Yes No If yes, attach copy of determination letter (REQUIRED) You must have a control						
K. Enter 5-digit Control Number assigned by the Secretary of State's Office, if applicable A control number is not required for sole proprietorship or general partnership. You must have a control number to submit this application						
6. Enter type of business ownership			1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -			
AND	01 General Partnership	10-Canadata And Catholy Called	Z Other (Specify below)			
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	02 Limited Partnership 03 Limited Liability Partnership	F Association G Limited Liability Company				
Partners – Members – Offic	ers – Owners (Require HOME ADDRESS	ed): SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER	HOME TELEPHONE NUMBER			
, <u>-</u>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
	*					
7. Check appropriate boxes:						
A Operate a collection agency	F Sell tangible pe	ersonal property to consumers at retail I	evel and do not maintain an			
B Operate an employment agency	established place check and BRT-80	of business in West Virginia (transient v	vendor). \$500 bond or certified			
C Make consumer loans		al weighing or measuring devices (i.e. s	cales das numbs etc.)			
D Make supervised loans		ods or services to West Virginia Consur				
☐ E Non-Resident Contractor	I None of the pred	ceding	o 223			
8. Type of Activity:	-					
A Service C Wholes	IN OF SHARROWS IN THE SA	14 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	nufacturing			
B Retail D Both (R	etail & Wholesale)	F Rental Z Oth	er (Specify – Attach Information)			
I certify this application to be true and corre	ct to the best of my knowledge.					
SIGNATURE						
(SIGNATURE REQUIRED)						
TITLE	DATE					

2	SECTION A: TO REGISTER WITH THE WEST VIRGINIA STATE TAX DEPARTMENT (CONTINUED)	PAGE 2	UF 3
9.	BEER BARREL TAX: Will you hold a license to sell beer to licensed beer distributors?	. Yes No	(9)
	A. Will you hold a license to sell beer to licensed beer retailers?		
10	LIQUOR/WINE RETAIL TAXES: As a retailer, will you hold a license to sell liquor and/or wine by the bottle? (Does not		
	apply when sold in clubs, bars, or restaurants)	. Yes No	(10)
11.	WINE LITER TAX: Have you registered with the ABCC to sell wine to licensed wine distributors?	. Yes No	(11)
	A. To licensed wine retailers?	Yes No	(11A)
	B. Will you sell wine products to West Virginia registered wine suppliers?	. Yes No	(11B)
12	BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX: Will you be providing the following public utilities?		
	A. Generating electric power for sale?		
	B. Operate a natural gas storage reservoir?	. Yes No	(12B)
13	TOBACCO PRODUCTS TAX: Will you stamp and sell cigarettes at the wholesale level?		
	A. Will you sell other tobacco products at the wholesale level?		
	B. Will you sell both cigarettes and other tobacco products at the wholesale level?		
	C. Will you sell cigarettes at the retail level?	The second secon	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
	D. Will you sell other tobacco products at the retail level? E. Will you sell both cigarettes and other tobacco products at the retail level?		
27/20		. Tes INO	(13E)
14	COMBINED SALES AND USE TAX: Do you have a business location in WV from which you will make retail sales, conduct a service, or conduct maintenance work?	. Yes No	(14)
	A. If you are located outside of WV will you collect WV Consumers Sales and Service and Use Tax on retail sales, services or		()
	maintenance work?		
	B. Will you make purchases from outside of WV for use in West Virginia, other than for resale?	. Yes No	(14B)
15	CORPORATION NET INCOME/BUSINESS FRANCHISE TAX: Are you registered with the West Virginia		
	Secretary of State?		
	A. Will you file your corporation tax returns in West Virginia on a consolidated basis under your parent corporation?	Yes LINO	(15A)
			(15B)
	C. If S corporation, enter first year to which subchapter S status applies:		(15C)
	D. If partnership, enter date elected not to be treated as a partnership under Section 761 of the Internal Revenue Code		(15D)
16	MOTOR FUEL EXCISE TAX: Will you purchase, sell or transport fuel in West Virginia? If yes, you must complete West Virginia Motor Fuel Tax License Application	Yes No	(16)
	A. Will you sell tax paid gasoline at the retail level?		2000
	B. Will you sell tax paid special fuel at the retail level?	. Yes No	(16B)
	C. Will you operate aircraft, watercraft, locomotives which haul freight or passengers within West Virginia?	. Yes No	(16C)
17	SEVERANCE TAX: Will you hold title to or have an economic interest in the activity of severing, extracting, reducing to pos-		
	session and producing for sale, profit or commercial use, any natural resource product?		
	A. Will you produce or process coal only?		
	B. Will you produce timber?		
18	SOFT DRINK TAX: Will you sell bottled/canned soft drinks/syrups and/or powders? If yes, in what capacity?		
	A. Bottler? B. Wholesale?		
	C. Will you purchase soft drinks, Excise Tax not paid, from a bottler/wholesaler?		
	D. Will you purchase soft drinks, Excise Tax paid, from a bottler/wholesaler?		
10	WITHHOLDING TAX: Will you have West Virginia employees?		
13	A. Date you began or will begin withholding West Virginia income tax from employees.		(19A)
	B. Number of employees subject to West Virginia income tax; Do not include owner or partners:		(19B)
	C. Are you an out-of-state business registering to report withholding tax only?	Yes No	(19C)
20	HEALTH CARE TAXES:		
	A. Are you a behavioral health center?	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	(20A)
24	B. Will you provide a health care service (includes ambulance)?	. Yes No	(20B)
21	MISCELLANEOUS: A. Are you a scrap metal dealer or recycler?	□Vas□Na	(21A)
	B. Do you wish to be mailed returns?		(21A)
			1-1-7

A \$30.00 registration fee is due with this application with the exception of:

non-profit organizations, foreign retailers, government agencies, agricultural/farming activities or a "withholding only" account.

FOR THIS APPLICATION TO BE VALID AND TO AVOID A DELAY IN PROCESSING, ALL PAGES MUST BE COMPLETED AND APPLICATION SIGNED.

MAIL APPLICATION TO: West Virginia State Tax Department, PO Box 11425, Charleston, WV 25339

This application may be photocopied as proof of registration until your Certificate(s) are issued.



INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETION ARE FOUND ON PAGE 10 OF THIS BOOKLET PAGE 3 OF 3

SECTION B: COMPLETE THIS SECTION TO REGISTER FOR AN UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION ACCOUNT. PART 1: All new businesses are required to complete this section, even if they have no employees in West Virginia

FART I. All flew businesses are requi	red to complete this	section, even in the	ry nave no employee:	S III VVCSL V	n giina		
1. Reason for applying:		Name, street address, payroll records are ma	, telephone number and per aintained:	rson to contact	: where		
☐ New Business		Name					
Additional Location		Address					
Purchased Business		City	State	Zip Code			
Out of State Business, registering for Withhol	ding Only	Telephone Number		25			
☐ West Virginia business, with NO employees		and an an east					
		Contact Person					
Date first employee started work in Wood Virginia:	4. Number of employees	s working in	5. Date first wages paid in	West Virginia:			
West Virginia:	West Virginia:						
=	Number of employees w states:						
6. If the reason for registering is due to the purchas	se of a business, merger r	eorganization or change o	L of legal entity, provide the fo	llowing inform	ation;		
including percent of assets acquired (if needed, a. Percentage of assets acquired from former bu	Made Process and the Control of the	ion of the transaction):					
b. Date former business was acquired by curren	93 - 93 - 60 - 3 3						
c. Unemployment compensation number of form	ner business, if known:		-				
d. Predecessor signature:		F	2 North Values Control				
7. Have you or do you expect to employ at least OI calender weeks during calender year?	NE worker in 20 different	8. Have you or do you ex	xpect to have a quarterly pa	ayroll of \$1500.	.00?		
YES NO		☐ YES ☐ NO)				
If YES, what is the earliest month and year this v	vill occur?		rliest quarter and year this v				
Month Yea	ır	Quarter	Yea	ar			
 FOR EMPLOYERS OF DOMESTIC HELP ONLY Have you or do you expect to have a \$1,000 qua workers (housekeepers, baby sitters, etc.) in any 	arterly payroll of domestic	10. For Agricultural operations only: Have you or will you have 10 or more workers for 20 weeks or more in any calendar year or have you paid or will you pay \$20,000 or more in wages during any calendar quarter?					
YES NO		YES NO					
If YES, indicate the earliest quarter and calender	88	1990	arliest quarter and calender	(F2)			
Quarter Ye		574	Ye:				
11. Are you liable for Federal Unemployment Tax?			did you become liable?				
 CERTIFICATION: This report must be signed be as partnership, joint venture or limited liability or 				business is op	perated		
Date:Signature:		33	_Title:				
Date:Signature:		II .	_Title:				
Date:Signature:			_Title:				
Date:Signature:			_Title:				
PART 2: COMPLETE THIS PART IF NON-PROFIT ORGANIZATION. <i>PLEA</i>	SE FURNISH A COF	PY OF EXEMPTION	LETTER WITH THIS	APPLICATI	ION.		
 If you are a non-profit organization with a 5 different calendar weeks during a calendar y 	The said Annual	MODERAL SERVE SERVER MODERAL SERVER S	employ four or more worker arliest month and year the 2	THE PERSON NAMED PRODUCT OF THE PARTY OF			
MonthYear	sal: [] 120 []	NO II I LO, WHAT IS THE SE	and year the 2	OUI WEEK WIII C	Joodi :		
2. Elect options for unemployment compensation	on coverage: CONTRIBU	TIONS	REIMBURSEMENT	г	r a in		
DO NOT W	RITE IN THIS SE	CTION (OFFICE U	JSE ONLY)				
STATE ID NUMBER:		LIABLE DATE:					
FFFECTIVE DATE		PROVISION.					

INSTRUCTIONS TO REGISTER FOR AN UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION ACCOUNT

SECTION B.

If you are registering a new business, you are required to complete this section. Also, if you are registering because you purchased an existing business, merger, reorganization, or change of legal entity, complete this section, including Question 6.

PART 1.

All industrial and commercial employers and many nonprofit charitable, educational and religious institutions in West Virginia are covered by the state unemployment compensation law. An employer must register upon establishing a new business in this State. If an employer is required to provide unemployment compensation coverage for employees, the employer must report payroll and pay contributions on a report mailed to the employer each quarter by the Unemployment Compensation Division.

If the reason for registering is due to the purchase of an operating business, merger, reorganization, or change of legal entity answer Question 6. This information will be used to determine your unemployment compensation contribution

rate.

Withholding ONLY accounts must complete Items 1, 2, 3, and 4, and sign under Item 12.

PART 2. Complete this part if you are a non-profit organization.

ITEM 1. Your exemption from the Internal Revenue Service should state if you are exempt from Federal Unemployment

Taxes. Include a copy of the Internal Revenue Service exemption, if applicable.

Check the appropriate box and indicate the month and year in which the 20th week occurs.

ITEM 2. Indicate your option to finance unemployment compensation coverage:

Option (A) - Contributions

The employer selects this option to pay contributions. A rate assigned by law is applied to the first \$12,000.00 of wages paid to each employee during a calendar year. Contributions are paid on a calendar quarter basis.

Option (B) - Reimbursement of Trust Fund

The employer selects this option to reimburse the Trust Fund. At the end of each calendar quarter, the employer is billed for unemployment benefits paid to its former employees during the quarter.

Unemployment Compensation Account questions may be answered by contacting the following:

Workforce West Virginia Status Determination Unit 112 California Avenue Charleston, West Virginia 25305 Telephone: 304 558-2677 Fax: 304 558-1324

New employees, rehires or employees returning to work after a leave of absence must be reported to the West Virginia Child Enforcement Division within 14 days from hire date.

INFORMATION ON OBTAINING WORKERS' COMPENSATION COVERAGE

If you are registering a new business, reopening an old business, or purchasing an existing business, in whole or in part, State law requires employers to obtain workers' compensation coverage for its employees in case of workplace injury. Workers' compensation insurance will be available from other insurers licensed in this state to provide such coverage. For information regarding available insurers, contact the Office of the West Virginia Insurance Commissioner. Current application for Workers' Compensation Insurance and other business licenses and permits applicable to your business may be accessed via the internet at www.business4wv.com.

WEST VIRGINIA EMPLOYERS REQUIRED TO HAVE COVERAGE - If you employ even one person in West Virginia, except in very rare circumstances, you are required by law to obtain workers' compensation insurance coverage. Failure to obtain and maintain proper Workers' Compensation Insurance coverage will subject you to a number of consequences, including the following:

- Administrative fines by the Insurance Commissioner up to \$10,000;
- Loss of immunity against civil liability (you may be sued by your employee);
- Immediate revocation of business license and permits;
- Business may be enjoined from continuing operation;
- Business and personal liability for all workers' compensation claims paid plus attorneys fees.

Specific requirements for obtaining Workers' Compensation Insurance coverage may be answered by the private insurance carrier.

Offices of the Insurance Commissioner Employer Coverage Unit 1124 Smith Street Post Office Box 11682 Charleston, West Virginia 25339-1682 Web site: http://www.wvinsurance.gov Telephone: 304 558-6279, Ext. 1202 **EXHIBIT D**

Form 1040

Department of the Treasury—Internal Revenue Service (99)
U.S. Individual Income Tax Return

2017

ш - = - =	0.3.	murviduai medi	IIIE I a	x Retuill		OMB	No. 1545-007	4 IRS Use C	Jniy — U	o not write or staple in thi	is space.
For the year Jan. 1-De	c. 31, 2017	7, or other tax year beginning			, 2017, er	nding		, 20	Se	e separate instructi	ions.
Your first name and	initial		Last nam	ne					Yo	ur social security nu	mber
If a joint return, spou	use's first	name and initial	Last nam	ne					Spo	ouse's social security n	number
Home address (num	ber and s	street). If you have a P.O. b	ox, see ins	tructions.				Apt. no.	A	Make sure the SSN(s	s) above
<u> </u>										and on line 6c are c	correct.
City, town or post office	ce, state, a	nd ZIP code. If you have a for	eign addres	s, also complete	spaces below (se	e instructions	3).		P	residential Election Ca	mpaign
										ck here if you, or your spous	
Foreign country nam	ne			Foreign pr	rovince/state/co	unty	Foreig	n postal code		ly, want \$3 to go to this fund x below will not change your	
									refur	nd. You	Spouse
Filing Status	1	Single				4 🗌 He	ead of househo	ld (with qua	lifying _l	person). (See instructio	ns.)
i iiii ig otatao	2	Married filing jointly	(even if c	nly one had ir	ncome)	lf i	the qualifying p	erson is a cl	hild bu	t not your dependent, e	enter this
Check only one	3	Married filing separa	ately. Ent	er spouse's S	SN above	ch	ild's name her	e. ►			
box.		and full name here.	<u> </u>			5 🗌 Q	ualifying wido	w(er) (see i	nstruc	etions)	
Exemptions	6a	Yourself. If some	one can d	claim you as a	dependent, d	do not che	ck box 6a .		. }	Boxes checked on 6a and 6b	
	b	Spouse		A 989 A W					J	No. of children	-
	c	Dependents:		(2) Dependent		Dependent's		ld under age 1 r child tax cre		on 6c who: • lived with you	
	(1) First	name Last name		social security nu	imber relati	onship to you		structions)		did not live with you due to divorce	-
If more than four										or separation	
dependents, see	,									(see instructions) Dependents on 6c	32
instructions and									 ;;	not entered above	
check here ►	4	V_ 10 W 20 000								Add numbers on	
<u>0</u>	d	Total number of exem								lines above 🕨	
Income	7	Wages, salaries, tips,				* * *	4 4 2 5	A 2 8	7		
	8a	Taxable interest. Atta				100000	* * ** *		8a		
Attach Form(s)	b	Tax-exempt interest.				8b		<u> </u>			
W-2 here. Also	9a	Ordinary dividends. At				Frank F			9a		_
attach Forms	10	Qualified dividends Taxable refunds, cred				9b			10		
W-2G and 1099-R if tax	11								11		_
was withheld.	12	Business income or (lo							12		
	13	Capital gain or (loss).	ACCOUNT OF THE PARTY OF					_	13		
If you did not	14	Other gains or (losses							14		
get a W-2,	15a	IRA distributions .	15a			b Taxable	amount		15b		_
see instructions.	16a	Pensions and annuities				b Taxable			16b		
	17	Rental real estate, roy	alties, pa	rtnerships, S	corporations,	trusts, etc.	Attach Sch	edule E	17		
	18	Farm income or (loss).	Attach S	Schedule F .					18		
	19	Unemployment comp							19		
	20a	Social security benefits					amount .		20b		
	21	Other income. List typ							21		
	22	Combine the amounts in	the far rig	tht column for l	ines 7 through	21. This is y	our total inco	me ►	22		\perp
Adjusted	23	Educator expenses				23					
Gross	24	Certain business expens									
Income		fee-basis government off				24					
IIICOIIIE	25	Health savings accour				25					
	26	Moving expenses. Att				26					
	27	Deductible part of self-e				27					
	28	Self-employed SEP, S				28					
	29	Self-employed health				29					
	30	Penalty on early withd			- 1	30					
	31a	Alimony paid b Recip		The second secon		31a					
	32 33	IRA deduction Student loan interest of				32					
	34	Tuition and fees. Attac				34					
	35	Domestic production ac				35					
	36	Add lines 23 through (36		
	37	Subtract line 36 from I							37		+

	Form 1040 (2017))										Page 2
		38	Amount from line 37 (adjuste	ed gross income)						38		
	T	39a	Check \	n before January				otal boxes				
	Tax and		if: Spouse was b				100000000					
	Credits	b	If your spouse itemizes on a s						39b□			
(Standard	40	Itemized deductions (from S		• Company of the company of the company		Section of the			40		
	Deduction	41	Subtract line 40 from line 38							41		
	for—								21	1 000		+-
	People who check any	42	Exemptions. If line 38 is \$156,9	10 ATMEN	70 H					42		
	box on line	43	Taxable income. Subtract li						- 1	43		
	39a or 39b or who can be	44	Tax (see instructions). Check if	any from: a 💹 F	Form(s) 8814	b F	orm 49	72 c 🗌		44		
	claimed as a dependent,	45	Alternative minimum tax (s	see instructions).	Attach Form	6251 .			T.I	45		
	see	46	Excess advance premium tax	x credit repayme	nt. Attach For	m 8962				46		
	instructions.	47	Add lines 44, 45, and 46 .					a la lazal e l	>	47		
	All others:	48	Foreign tax credit. Attach Fo				8					
	Single or Married filing	49	Credit for child and dependent	t care expenses. A	Attach Form 24	41 4	9					
	separately, \$6,350	50	Education credits from Form	STATE OF THE STATE			60					
	Married filing	51	Retirement savings contribu	The second second second second			11					
	jointly or	52	Child tax credit. Attach Scho				2					
	Qualifying widow(er),						3					
	\$12,700	53	Residential energy credits. A	and the same of th								
	Head of household,	54	Other credits from Form: a				4					
	\$9,350	55	Add lines 48 through 54. The							55		+
		56	Subtract line 55 from line 47.			^			10	56		_
		57	Self-employment tax. Attach						a .a. ,	57		\rightarrow
	Other	58	Unreported social security ar	nd Medicare tax	from Form:	a 🗌 413	37	b 🗌 8919 .		58		
	Taxes	59	Additional tax on IRAs, other of	qualified retireme	nt plans, etc. A	Attach Fo	rm 5329	if required .		59		
	Idves	60a	Household employment taxes	s from Schedule H	4					60a		
		b	First-time homebuyer credit re	epayment. Attach	Form 5405 if	required				60b		
		61	Health care: individual respon	sibility (see instru	ıctions) Full-	year cov	erage	Ī		61		
		62	Taxes from: a Form 8959							62		
		63	Add lines 56 through 62. This							63		
	Payments	64	Federal income tax withheld	NO. TO SERVICE STREET			4	<u>, </u>				
,	rayments	65	2017 estimated tax payments a			2 1	5					
	If you have a	66a	Earned income credit (EIC)	0.00			6a					
	qualifying	<u> </u>			2/ 2/ 2 /2	0	oa					
	child, attach	b	Nontaxable combat pay election		(4)		_		_			
	Schedule EIC.	67	Additional child tax credit. Atta				57					
		68	American opportunity credit				8					
		69	Net premium tax credit. Atta	ach Form 8962			9					
		70	Amount paid with request for	r extension to file)	7	0					
		71	Excess social security and tier	r 1 RRTA tax with	held	7	1					
		72	Credit for federal tax on fuels	s. Attach Form 4	136	7	2					
		73	Credits from Form: a 2439 b	Reserved c 🗌 888	35 d 🗌	7	3					
		74	Add lines 64, 65, 66a, and 67	7 through 73. The	ese are your t	otal payr	nents	at of the fo	•	74		
	Refund	75	If line 74 is more than line 63	3, subtract line 6	3 from line 74	1. This is	the amo	ount you over	oaid	75		
		76a	Amount of line 75 you want r	refunded to you	. If Form 8888	is attach	ned, che	eck here . I	-	76a		
	Direct deposit?	▶ b	Routing number			▶ с Туре			vings			
	See	► d	Account number			1			J			
	instructions.	77	Amount of line 75 you want ap	polied to your 201	18 estimated t	ax > 7	7	ps 18 16 J				
	Amount	78	Amount you owe. Subtract				0.0	see instruction	ns 🕨	78		
	You Owe	79	Estimated tax penalty (see in			l .	9	occ mon action		70		
		7.07	you want to allow another pe				_	etructione\2	Voc	Come	oloto bolow	No
	Third Party		you want to allow another per ignee's	ison to discuss t	Phone	i tile ino	(see ii is		res . onal ident	San Contract	olete below.	No
	Designee		ie ►		no. ►				er (PIN)	.iiioatioi		
	Sign		nalties of perjury, I declare that I have exa									
	Here		y list all amounts and sources of income	I received during the ta			STREET, STREET,	taxpayer) is based o	n all inforn 1			knowledge.
	Joint return? See	You	r signature		Date	Your occ	upation			Daytim	ne phone number	
	instructions.		(5) 10) 1000 mm on 100 mm	0.00	Prince on	P0004					CONC. BY	500 125 1927
	Keep a copy for	Spo	use's signature. If a joint return, b	ooth must sign.	Date	Spouse's	s occupa	ition		If the IR PIN, ent	S sent you an Identity F	Protection
	your records.									here (se	ee inst.)	
	Paid	Prin	t/Type preparer's name	Preparer's signatur	е			Date		Check	: D if PTIN	
	Preparer										mployed	
	Use Only	Firm	i's name ►					w/a		Firm's	EIN ►	
	Ose Offing		Firm's address ▶							Phone	100	

EXHIBIT E

Form 1065

	100	65		U.S. R	eturn of Pa	rtnersh	nip Inco	me		OMBN	lo. 1545-01	123
Form TUUJ For calendar year 2017, or tax year beginning , 2017, ending						, 20		20	017	Į.		
Intern	al Revenu	e Service		► Go to www.irs.go	v/Form1065 for ins	structions a	and the lates	st information.		۱ک	9 1 1	
A Prin	cipal busi	ness activity		Name of partnership						D Employer	iden tification	ı number
B Prin	cipal produ	uct or service	Type or	Number, street, and ro	om or suite no. If a P.0	D. box, see th	e instructions.	to		E Date bus	E Date business started	
C Business code number			Print	City or town, state or p	rovince, country, and	ZIP or foreigr	n postal code			F Total assets (see the instructions)		î
G H I J	Check a	r of Schedu	method: iles K-1. /	(1) Cash Attach one for each pe	nination - also chec	ck (1) or (2) (3)	other (specify time during	/) ► the tax year ►		27 10		
Caut	ion Inc	lude only t	rade or h	ousiness income and	10,000			nearly press on yearly sales		71 (447)		
(see the instructions for limitations)	1a b c 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	Gross rec Returns a Balance. Cost of gross pro Ordinary Net farm Net gain (Other inco Total inco Salaries a Guarante Repairs a Bad debte Rent Taxes and Interest .	eipts or allow Subtract cods sol offit. Subtincome (loss) frome (loss) med wage ed paymend maints.	sales	tn	s, and trus Form 4797 Dyment cre	1a 1b	statement)	1c 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14			
Deductions (se	17 18 19	Depletion Retirement Employee Other dec	(Do not nt plans, benefit ductions	eported on Form 1126 t deduct oil and ga etc	s depletion.)				16c 17 18 19 20 21			
	22	SACCESTANCE EXPENSE		ss income (loss). S	- AMERICA - RESPONSE AND A PROPERTY CONTROL		10, 111100		22			+-
Sign Here		Under pe knowled informati	enalties of ge and bel on of whic	perjury, I declare that I ha ief, it is true, correct, and h preparer has any knowl	ve examined this retu complete. Declaration edge.	rn, including a	other than par	tner or limited liability	ments, a y compai		is based or uss this return	netrourie
			nature of p be prepare		2 2		**	Date			PTIN	
Paid Pre	d parer	Findity	e prepare	S HAITIE	Preparer's signatu	ire		Date	- 1	k ☐ if employed	ra i iiN	
	Only	Firm's na	ame 🕨						Firm's	s EIN ►		
USE	Cilly	Firm's ac	ddress►						Phone	e no.		

Form 1065 (2017) Page **2**

Sch	edule B	Other Information							
1		of entity is filing this return? Check the aរុ						Yes	No
а		The state of the s			ed partnership				
C		ic limited liability company d			ed liability part	nership			
e		partnership f		ther >	10 7 0	VIII W 1771	7 1 11		
2	an entity tre	e during the tax year, was any partner ir eated as a partnership), a trust, an S corp ee or similar person?	oorati	on, an estate	(other than an		ed partner),		
3	At the end	of the tax year:							
а		eign or domestic corporation, partnersh	nip (in	cluding any e	entity treated a	s a partnership), tru	ıst, or tax-		
	loss, or cap B-1, Inform	panization, or any foreign government ow bital of the partnership? For rules of con- ation on Partners Owning 50% or More	struct of the	ive ownership Partnership	o, see instructi	ons. If "Yes," attach	n Schedule		
Ь	the partner	lividual or estate own, directly or indirectly or indirectly ownerships For rules of constructive ownerships Owning 50% or More of the Partnerships	ip, se	e instructions	s. If "Yes," atta	ch Schedule B-1, I	nformation		
4 a	Own direct stock entit	of the tax year, did the partnership: ly 20% or more, or own, directly or indi led to vote of any foreign or domes s. If "Yes," complete (i) through (iv) below	stic c	orporation?	For rules of				
		(i) Name of Corporation			r Identification er (if any)	(iii) Country of Incorporation	(iv) Perc Owned in Vo		
p.I.									
}									
b	or capital in	y an interest of 20% or more, or own, din n any foreign or domestic partnership (in ntrust? For rules of constructive ownershi	ncludi	ng an entity	treated as a p	artnership) or in the	beneficial		
		(i) Name of Entity	Ìc	i) Employer lentification ımber (if any)	(iii) Type of Entity	(iv) Country of Organization	(v) M Percentag Profit, Los		ied in
>									
·									
					<u>L</u>			Yes	No
5	section 623	rtnership file Form 8893, Election of Par 31(a)(1)(B)(ii) for partnership-level tax tre s	atme	nt, that is in	effect for this	tax year? See Forr	m 8893 for	100	140
6		artnership satisfy all four of the following							
а		rship's total receipts for the tax year were	55		00.				
b		ship's total assets at the end of the tax y							
С		K-1 are filed with the return and furn for the partnership return.	nished	to the part	ners on or be	fore the due date	(including		
d	d The partnership is not filing and is not required to file Schedule M-3								
7	Is this partr	nership a publicly traded partnership as c	define	d in section 4	69(k)(2)?	26 t t t 1 2 2			
8		tax year, did the partnership have ar as to reduce the principal amount of the							
9		artnership filed, or is it required to file, I on any reportable transaction?							
10	At any time account in a exceptions a	during calendar year 2017, did the partnersh foreign country (such as a bank account, so and filing requirements for FinCEN Form 11 me of the foreign country.	ip hav ecuritie	e an interest in es account, or	n or a signature other financial a	or other authority ove account)? See the inst	r a financial tructions for		

Form 1065 (2017) Page **3**

Sch	edule B Other Information (continued)	200	~
		Yes	No
11	At any time during the tax year, did the partnership receive a distribution from, or was it the grantor of, or transferor to, a foreign trust? If "Yes," the partnership may have to file Form 3520, Annual Return To Report Transactions With Foreign Trusts and Receipt of Certain Foreign Gifts. See instructions		
12a	Is the partnership making, or had it previously made (and not revoked), a section 754 election?		
	See instructions for details regarding a section 754 election.		
b	Did the partnership make for this tax year an optional basis adjustment under section 743(b)? If "Yes," attach a statement showing the computation and allocation of the basis adjustment. See instructions		
c	Is the partnership required to adjust the basis of partnership assets under section 743(b) or 734(b) because of a substantial built-in loss (as defined under section 743(d)) or substantial basis reduction (as defined under section 734(d))? If "Yes," attach a statement showing the computation and allocation of the basis adjustment. See instructions		
13	Check this box if, during the current or prior tax year, the partnership distributed any property received in a like-kind exchange or contributed such property to another entity (other than disregarded entities wholly owned by the partnership throughout the tax year)		
14	At any time during the tax year, did the partnership distribute to any partner a tenancy-in-common or other undivided interest in partnership property?		
15	If the partnership is required to file Form 8858, Information Return of U.S. Persons With Respect To Foreign Disregarded Entities, enter the number of Forms 8858 attached. See instructions ►		
16	Does the partnership have any foreign partners? If "Yes," enter the number of Forms 8805, Foreign Partner's		
	Information Statement of Section 1446 Withholding Tax, filed for this partnership. ▶		
17	Enter the number of Forms 8865, Return of U.S. Persons With Respect to Certain Foreign Partnerships, attached to this return. ▶		
18a	Did you make any payments in 2017 that would require you to file Form(s) 1099? See instructions		
b	If "Yes," did you or will you file required Form(s) 1099?		
19	Enter the number of Form(s) 5471, Information Return of U.S. Persons With Respect To Certain Foreign Corporations, attached to this return. ▶		
20	Enter the number of partners that are foreign governments under section 892. ▶		
21	During the partnership's tax year, did the partnership make any payments that would require it to file Form 1042 and 1042-S under chapter 3 (sections 1441 through 1464) or chapter 4 (sections 1471 through 1474)?		
22	Was the partnership a specified domestic entity required to file Form 8938 for the tax year (See the Instructions for Form 8938)?		
0.4 (Scale Sept. 10. 45.13) (1.4 (Sept. 10.13))	nation of Tax Matters Partner (see instructions) selow the general partner or member-manager designated as the tax matters partner (TMP) for the tax year of this return:	200	
Name desigr TMP			
entity,	TMP is an Phone number of TMP		
Addre desigr TMP			

Page 4

Sched	ule K	Partners' Distributive Share Items	Total amount		
	1	Ordinary business income (loss) (page 1, line 22)	1		
	2	Net rental real estate income (loss) (attach Form 8825)	2		
	3a	Other gross rental income (loss)			
	b	Expenses from other rental activities (attach statement) 3b			
	С	Other net rental income (loss). Subtract line 3b from line 3a	3c		
ŝ	4	Guaranteed payments	4		
Income (Loss)	5	Interest income	5		
j	6	Dividends: a Ordinary dividends	6a		
<u>e</u>		b Qualified dividends 6b			
Ö	7	Royalties	7		
<u>2</u>	8	Net short-term capital gain (loss) (attach Schedule D (Form 1065))	8		
A.S	9a	Net long-term capital gain (loss) (attach Schedule D (Form 1065))	9a		
	ь	Collectibles (28%) gain (loss)			
	c	Unrecaptured section 1250 gain (attach statement) 9c			
	10	Net section 1231 gain (loss) (attach Form 4797)	10		
	11	Other income (loss) (see instructions) Type ▶	11		
v	12	Section 179 deduction (attach Form 4562)	12		
6	13a	Contributions	13a		
Ė	b	Investment interest expense	13b		
ġ	c		13c(2)		
ě	d	Section 59(e)(2) expenditures: (1) Type ► (2) Amount ► Other deductions (see instructions) Type ►	13d		
Self- Employ- Deductions ment	14a	Net earnings (loss) from self-employment	14a		
. <u>§</u> ≠	b	Gross farming or fishing income	14b		
e ii e	C		14c		
ОШЕ	15a	Gross nonfarm income	15a		
		Low-income housing credit (section 42(j)(5))	15a 15b		
इ	b	Low-income housing credit (other)	15c		
Credits	d	Qualified rehabilitation expenditures (rental real estate) (attach Form 3468, if applicable) Other rental real estate credits (see instructions) Type ►	15d		
ပ်		Other rental real estate credits (see instructions) Type Type	15a		
2500	e f	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	15f		
<u> </u>	16a	Other credits (see instructions) Name of country or LLS, possession	101		
	b	Name of country or U.S. possession ►	16b		
ટ	X28	Gross income from all sources	16c		
<u>ō</u> .	С	Gross income sourced at partner level	100		
ansactions	4	Foreign gross income sourced at partnership level Passive category ► e General category ► f Other ►	16f		
JŞ.	u	Deductions allocated and apportioned at partner level	101		
7.2			16h		
Ē	g	Interest expense ► h Other	16h		
. <u>5</u>	i	Passive category ► j General category ► k Other ►	16k		
Foreign	Ė	Total foreign taxes (check one): ▶ Paid ☐ Accrued ☐	161		
正	-	Reduction in taxes available for credit (attach statement)	16m		
	m n	Other foreign tax information (attach statement)	TOIL		
	17a	Post-1986 depreciation adjustment	17a		
Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT) Items	b	Adjusted gain or loss	17b		
Eπ	c	Depletion (other than oil and gas)	17c		
te = (d	Oil, gas, and geothermal properties—gross income	17d		
돌들	e	Oil, gas, and geothermal properties—gross income	17e		
₹ E E	f		17f		
	18a	Other AMT items (attach statement)	18a		
<u>6</u>	loa b		18b		
ati		Other tax-exempt income	Little Control Control		
Other Information	C 10a	Nondeductible expenses	18c		
<u>\$</u>	19a	Distributions of cash and marketable securities	19a		
Ę	b	Distributions of other property	19b		
ē	20a	Investment income	20a		
₹	ь	Investment expenses	20b		
	C	Other items and amounts (attach statement)			

8

Add lines 6 and 7

Balance at end of year. Subtract line 8 from line 5

b Property . .

Net income (loss) per books Other increases (itemize):

Add lines 1 through 4

3

4

5

EXHIBIT F

Form 8832

Form **8832**

(Rev. December 2013)

Entity Classification Election

OMB No. 1545-1516

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

▶ Information about Form 8832 and its instructions is at www.irs.gov/form8832.

	Name of eligible entity making election	Employer identification number
Туре	Number, street, and room or suite no. If a P.O. box, see instructions.	
or		
Prin	City or town, state, and ZIP code. If a foreign address, enter city, province or state, postal code and country. Follow postal code.	the country's practice for entering the
► Ch	 eck if: Address change Late classification relief sought under Revenue Procedure 20	nng_41
P OII	Relief for a late change of entity classification election sought under Revenue Proce	
Part		
1	Type of election (see instructions):	
a b	☐ Initial classification by a newly-formed entity. Skip lines 2a and 2b and go to line 3.☐ Change in current classification. Go to line 2a.	
2a	Has the eligible entity previously filed an entity election that had an effective date within the la	st 60 months?
	☐ Yes. Go to line 2b.☐ No. Skip line 2b and go to line 3.	
2b	Was the eligible entity's prior election an initial classification election by a newly formed entity formation?	that was effective on the date of
	☐ Yes. Go to line 3.☐ No. Stop here. You generally are not currently eligible to make the election (see instruction)	is).
3	Does the eligible entity have more than one owner?	
	☐ Yes. You can elect to be classified as a partnership or an association taxable as a corporation	n. Skip line 4 and go to line 5.
	No. You can elect to be classified as an association taxable as a corporation or to be disreto line 4.	egarded as a separate entity. Go
4	If the eligible entity has only one owner, provide the following information:	
а	Name of owner ►	
b	ldentifying number of owner ►	
5	If the eligible entity is owned by one or more affiliated corporations that file a consolidated retuemployer identification number of the parent corporation:	urn, provide the name and
а	Name of parent corporation ▶	ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE
b	Employer identification number ▶	

Form 8	832 (Rev. 12-2013)		Page 2
Pari	Election Information (Continued)		
6	Type of entity (see instructions):		
a b c d e f	 □ A domestic eligible entity electing to be cla □ A domestic eligible entity electing to be cla □ A domestic eligible entity with a single own □ A foreign eligible entity electing to be class □ A foreign eligible entity electing to be class □ A foreign eligible entity with a single owner 	ssified as a partnership. Her electing to be disregarded a Hified as an association taxable Hified as a partnership. Helecting to be disregarded as a	s a separate entity. as a corporation. a separate entity.
7	If the eligible entity is created or organized in a organization ▶	toreign jurisalction, provide th	295. B)
8	Election is to be effective beginning (month, da	ay, year) (see instructions)	
9	Name and title of contact person whom the IR	S may call for more informatior	10 Contact person's telephone number
above election	r penalties of perjury, I (we) declare that I (we) co e, and that I (we) have examined this election and	d consent statement, and to the complete. If I am an officer, ma	ove-named entity to be classified as indicated best of my (our) knowledge and belief, this anager, or member signing for the entity, I further
12	Signature(s)	Date	Title
10	oignature(9)	Date	Title
V V			
10-			
) 1			
£:			
30			
3-			
V I.			
n:			
*			

Form 8832 (Rev. 12-2013)		Page
Part II Late Election Relief		
11 Provide the explanation as to why the entity cl	assification election was not file	ed on time (see instructions).
Under penalties of perjury, I (we) declare that I (we) ha of my (our) knowledge and belief, the election contain and complete. I (we) further declare that I (we) have p further declare that the elements required for relief in	is all the relevant facts relating ersonal knowledge of the facts	to the election, and such facts are true, correct, and circumstances related to the election. I (we)
Signature(s)	Date	Title
		I and the second

Form 8832 (Rev. 12-2013) Page **4**

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future Developments

For the latest information about developments related to Form 8832 and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to www.irs.gov/form8832.

What's New

For entities formed on or after July 1, 2013, the Croatian Dionicko Drustvo will always be treated as a corporation. See Notice 2013-44, 2013-29, I.R.B. 62 for more information.

Purpose of Form

An eligible entity uses Form 8832 to elect how it will be classified for federal tax purposes, as a corporation, a partnership, or an entity disregarded as separate from its owner. An eligible entity is classified for federal tax purposes under the default rules described below unless it files Form 8832 or Form 2553, Election by a Small Business Corporation. See Who Must File below.

The IRS will use the information entered on this form to establish the entity's filing and reporting requirements for federal tax purposes.

Note. An entity must file Form 2553 if making an election under section 1362(a) to be an S corporation



A new eligible entity should not file Form 8832 if it will be using its default classification (see Default Rules below).

Eligible entity. An eligible entity is a business entity that is not included in items 1, or 3 through 9, under the definition of corporation provided under *Definitions*. Eligible entities include limited liability companies (LLCs) and partnerships.

Generally, corporations are not eligible entities. However, the following types of corporations are treated as eligible entities:

- 1. An eligible entity that previously elected to be an association taxable as a corporation by filing Form 8832. An entity that elects to be classified as a corporation by filing Form 8832 can make another election to change its classification (see the 60-month limitation rule discussed below in the instructions for lines 2a and 2b).
- 2. A foreign eligible entity that became an association taxable as a corporation under the foreign default rule described below.

Default Rules

Existing entity default rule. Certain domestic and foreign entities that were in existence before January 1, 1997, and have an established federal tax classification generally do not need to make an election to continue that classification. If an existing entity decides to change its classification, it may do so subject to the 60-month limitation rule. See the instructions for lines 2a and 2b. See Regulations sections 301.7701-3(b)(3) and 301.7701-3(h)(2) for more details.

Domestic default rule. Unless an election is made on Form 8832, a domestic eligible entity is:

- **1.** A partnership if it has two or more members.
- 2. Disregarded as an entity separate from its owner if it has a single owner.

A change in the number of members of an eligible entity classified as an association (defined below) does not affect the entity's classification. However, an eligible entity classified as a partnership will become a disregarded entity when the entity's membership is reduced to one member and a disregarded entity will be classified as a partnership when the entity has more than one member.

Foreign default rule. Unless an election is made on Form 8832, a foreign eligible entity is:

- 1. A partnership if it has two or more members and at least one member does not have limited liability.
- 2. An association taxable as a corporation if all members have limited liability.
- 3. Disregarded as an entity separate from its owner if it has a single owner that does not have limited liability.

However, if a qualified foreign entity (as defined in section 3.02 of Rev. Proc. 2010-32) files a valid election to be classified as a partnership based on the reasonable assumption that it had two or more owners as of the effective date of the election, and the qualified entity is later determined to have a single owner, the IRS will deem the election to be an election to be classified as a disregarded entity provided:

- 1. The qualified entity's owner and purported owners file amended returns that are consistent with the treatment of the entity as a disregarded entity;
- 2. The amended returns are filed before the close of the period of limitations on assessments under section 6501(a) for the relevant tax year; and
- 3. The corrected Form 8832, with the box checked entitled: Relief for a late change of entity classification election sought under Revenue Procedure 2010-32, is filed and attached to the amended tax return.

Also, if the qualified foreign entity (as defined in section 3.02 of Rev. Proc. 2010-32) files a valid election to be classified as a disregarded entity based on the reasonable assumption that it had a single owner as of the effective date of the election, and the qualified entity is later determined to have two or more owners, the IRS will deem the election to be an election to be classified as a partnership provided:

- 1. The qualified entity files information returns and the actual owners file original or amended returns consistent with the treatment of the entity as a partnership:
- 2. The amended returns are filed before the close of the period of limitations on assessments under section 6501(a) for the relevant tax year; and
- 3. The corrected Form 8832, with the box checked entitled: Relief for a late change of

entity classification election sought under Revenue Procedure 2010-32, is filed and attached to the amended tax returns. See Rev. Proc. 2010-32, 2010-36 I.R.B. 320 for details

Definitions

Association. For purposes of this form, an association is an eligible entity taxable as a corporation by election or, for foreign eligible entities, under the default rules (see Regulations section 301.7701-3).

Business entity. A business entity is any entity recognized for federal tax purposes that is not properly classified as a trust under Regulations section 301.7701-4 or otherwise subject to special treatment under the Code regarding the entity's classification. See Regulations section 301.7701-2(a).

Corporation. For federal tax purposes, a corporation is any of the following:

- 1. A business entity organized under a federal or state statute, or under a statute of a federally recognized Indian tribe, if the statute describes or refers to the entity as incorporated or as a corporation, body corporate, or body politic.
- 2. An association (as determined under Regulations section 301.7701-3).
- 3. A business entity organized under a state statute, if the statute describes or refers to the entity as a joint-stock company or jointstock association.
 - 4. An insurance company.
- 5. A state-chartered business entity conducting banking activities, if any of its deposits are insured under the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, as amended, 12 U.S. C. 1811 et seq., or a similar federal statute.
- 6. A business entity wholly owned by a state or any political subdivision thereof, or a business entity wholly owned by a foreign government or any other entity described in Regulations section 1.892-2T.
- 7. A business entity that is taxable as a corporation under a provision of the Code other than section 7701(a)(3).
- **8.** A foreign business entity listed on page 7. See Regulations section 301.7701-2(b)(8) for any exceptions and inclusions to items on this list and for any revisions made to this list since these instructions were printed.
- 9. An entity created or organized under the laws of more than one jurisdiction (business entities with multiple charters) if the entity is treated as a corporation with respect to any one of the jurisdictions. See Regulations section 301.7701-2(b)(9) for examples.

Disregarded entity. A disregarded entity is an eligible entity that is treated as an entity not separate from its single owner for income tax purposes. A "disregarded entity" is treated as separate from its owner for:

- Employment tax purposes, effective for wages paid on or after January 1, 2009; and
- Excise taxes reported on Forms 720, 730, 2290, 11-C, or 8849, effective for excise taxes reported and paid after December 31, 2007.

Form 8832 (Rev. 12-2013) Page 5

See the employment tax and excise tax return instructions for more information.

Limited liability. A member of a foreign eligible entity has limited liability if the member has no personal liability for any debts of or claims against the entity by reason of being a member. This determination is based solely on the statute or law under which the entity is organized (and, if relevant, the entity's organizational documents). A member has personal liability if the creditors of the entity may seek satisfaction of all or any part of the debts or claims against the entity from the member as such. A member has personal liability even if the member makes an agreement under which another person (whether or not a member of the entity) assumes that liability or agrees to indemnify that member for that liability.

Partnership. A partnership is a business entity that has at least two members and is not a corporation as defined above under Corporation.

Who Must File

File this form for an eligible entity that is one of the following:

- · A domestic entity electing to be classified as an association taxable as a corporation.
- · A domestic entity electing to change its current classification (even if it is currently classified under the default rule).
- · A foreign entity that has more than one owner, all owners having limited liability, electing to be classified as a partnership.
- · A foreign entity that has at least one owner that does not have limited liability, electing to be classified as an association taxable as a corporation.
- · A foreign entity with a single owner having limited liability, electing to be an entity disregarded as an entity separate from its
- A foreign entity electing to change its current classification (even if it is currently classified under the default rule).

Do not file this form for an eligible entity that

- Tax-exempt under section 501(a);
- A real estate investment trust (REIT), as defined in section 856; or
- · Electing to be classified as an S corporation. An eligible entity that timely files Form 2553 to elect classification as an S corporation and meets all other requirements to qualify as an S corporation is deemed to have made an election under Regulations section 301.7701-3(c)(v) to be classified as an association taxable as a corporation.

All three of these entities are deemed to have made an election to be classified as an association.

Effect of Election

The federal tax treatment of elective changes in classification as described in Regulations section 301.7701-3(g)(1) is summarized as follows:

- If an eligible entity classified as a partnership elects to be classified as an association, it is deemed that the partnership contributes all of its assets and liabilities to the association in exchange for stock in the association, and immediately thereafter, the partnership liquidates by distributing the stock of the association to its partners.
- If an eligible entity classified as an association elects to be classified as a partnership, it is deemed that the association distributes all of its assets and liabilities to its shareholders in liquidation of the association, and immediately thereafter, the shareholders contribute all of the distributed assets and liabilities to a newly formed partnership.
- If an eligible entity classified as an association elects to be disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, it is deemed that the association distributes all of its assets and liabilities to its single owner in liquidation of the association.
- If an eligible entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner elects to be classified as an association, the owner of the eligible entity is deemed to have contributed all of the assets and liabilities of the entity to the association in exchange for the stock of the association

Note. For information on the federal tax consequences of elective changes in classification, see Regulations section 301.7701-3(g).

When To File

Generally, an election specifying an eligible entity's classification cannot take effect more than 75 days prior to the date the election is filed, nor can it take effect later than 12 months after the date the election is filed. An eligible entity may be eligible for late election relief in certain circumstances. For more information, see Late Election Relief, later.

Where To File

File Form 8832 with the Internal Revenue Service Center for your state listed later.

In addition, attach a copy of Form 8832 to the entity's federal tax or information return for the tax year of the election. If the entity is not required to file a return for that year, a copy of its Form 8832 must be attached to the federal tax returns of all direct or indirect owners of the entity for the tax year of the owner that includes the date on which the election took effect. An indirect owner of the electing entity does not have to attach a copy of the Form 8832 to its tax return if an entity in which it has an interest is already filing a copy of the Form 8832 with its return. Failure to attach a copy of Form 8832 will not invalidate an otherwise valid election, but penalties may be assessed against persons who are required to, but do not, attach Form 8832.

Each member of the entity is required to file the member's return consistent with the entity election. Penalties apply to returns filed inconsistent with the entity's election.

If the entity's principal business, office, or agency is located in:

Use the following Internal Revenue Service Center address:

Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia. Florida, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, Cincinnati, OH 45999 New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin

If the entity's principal business, office, or agency is located in:

Use the following Internal Revenue Service Center address:

Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, Wyoming

Ogden, UT 84201

A foreign country or U.S. possession

Ogden, UT 84201-0023

Note. Also attach a copy to the entity's federal income tax return for the tax year of the election.

Acceptance or Nonacceptance of Election

The service center will notify the eligible entity at the address listed on Form 8832 if its election is accepted or not accepted. The entity should generally receive a determination on its election within 60 days after it has filed Form 8832.

Care should be exercised to ensure that the IRS receives the election. If the entity is not notified of acceptance or nonacceptance of its election within 60 days of the date of filing, take follow-up action by calling 1-800-829-0115, or by sending a letter to the service center to inquire about its status. Send any such letter by certified or registered mail via the U.S. Postal Service, or equivalent type of delivery by a designated private delivery service (see Notice 2004-83, 2004-52 I.R.B. 1030 (or its successor)).

If the IRS questions whether Form 8832 was filed, an acceptable proof of filing is:

- A certified or registered mail receipt (timely postmarked) from the U.S. Postal Service, or its equivalent from a designated private delivery service;
- · Form 8832 with an accepted stamp;
- Form 8832 with a stamped IRS received date; or
- An IRS letter stating that Form 8832 has been accepted.

Form 8832 (Rev. 12-2013) Page **6**

Specific Instructions

Name. Enter the name of the eligible entity electing to be classified.

Employer identification number (EIN). Show the EIN of the eligible entity electing to be classified.



Do not put "Applied For" on this line.

Note. Any entity that has an EIN will retain that EIN even if its federal tax classification changes under Regulations section 301.7701-3.

If a disregarded entity's classification changes so that it becomes recognized as a partnership or association for federal tax purposes, and that entity had an EIN, then the entity must continue to use that EIN. If the entity did not already have its own EIN, then the entity must apply for an EIN and not use the identifying number of the single owner.

A foreign entity that makes an election under Regulations section 301.7701-3(c) and (d) must also use its own taxpayer identifying number. See sections 6721 through 6724 for penalties that may apply for failure to supply taxpayer identifying numbers.

If the entity electing to be classified using Form 8832 does not have an EIN, it must apply for one on Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number. The entity must have received an EIN by the time Form 8832 is filed in order for the form to be processed. An election will not be accepted if the eligible entity does not provide an EIN.



Do not apply for a new EIN for an existing entity that is changing its classification if the entity already has an EIN.

Address. Enter the address of the entity electing a classification. All correspondence regarding the acceptance or nonacceptance of the election will be sent to this address. Include the suite, room, or other unit number after the street address. If the Post Office does not deliver mail to the street address and the entity has a P.O. box, show the box number instead of the street address. If the electing entity receives its mail in care of a third party (such as an accountant or an attorney), enter on the street address line "C/O" followed by the third party's name and street address or P.O. box.

Address change. If the eligible entity has changed its address since filing Form SS-4 or the entity's most recently-filed return (including a change to an "in care of" address), check the box for an address change.

Late-classification relief sought under Revenue Procedure 2009-41. Check the box if the entity is seeking relief under Rev. Proc. 2009-41, 2009-39 I.R.B. 439, for a late classification election. For more information, see *Late Election Relief*, later.

Relief for a late change of entity classification election sought under Revenue Procedure 2010-32. Check the box if the entity is seeking relief under Rev. Proc.

2010-32, 2010-36 I.R.B. 320. For more information, see *Foreign default rule*, earlier.

Part I. Election Information

Complete Part I whether or not the entity is seeking relief under Rev. Proc. 2009-41 or Rev. Proc. 2010-32.

Line 1. Check box 1a if the entity is choosing a classification for the first time (i.e., the entity does not want to be classified under the applicable default classification). Do not file this form if the entity wants to be classified under the default rules.

Check box 1b if the entity is changing its current classification.

Lines 2a and 2b. 60-month limitation rule. Once an eligible entity makes an election to change its classification, the entity generally cannot change its classification by election again during the 60 months after the effective date of the election. However, the IRS may (by private letter ruling) permit the entity to change its classification by election within the 60-month period if more than 50% of the ownership interests in the entity, as of the effective date of the election, are owned by persons that did not own any interests in the entity on the effective date or the filing date of the entity's prior election.

Note. The 60-month limitation does not apply if the previous election was made by a newly formed eligible entity and was effective on the date of formation.

Line 4. If an eligible entity has only one owner, provide the name of its owner on line 4a and the owner's identifying number (social security number, or individual taxpayer identification number, or EIN) on line 4b. If the electing eligible entity is owned by an entity that is a disregarded entity or by an entity that is a member of a series of tiered disregarded entities, identify the first entity (the entity closest to the electing eligible entity) that is not a disregarded entity. For example, if the electing eligible entity is owned by disregarded entity A, which is owned by another disregarded entity B, and disregarded entity B is owned by partnership C, provide the name and EIN of partnership C as the owner of the electing eligible entity. If the owner is a foreign person or entity and does not have a U.S. identifying number, enter "none" on line 4b.

Line 5. If the eligible entity is owned by one or more members of an affiliated group of corporations that file a consolidated return, provide the name and EIN of the parent corporation.

Line 6. Check the appropriate box if you are changing a current classification (no matter how achieved), or are electing out of a default classification. Do not file this form if you fall within a default classification that is the desired classification for the new entity.

Line 7. If the entity making the election is created or organized in a foreign jurisdiction, enter the name of the foreign country in which it is organized. This information must be provided even if the entity is also organized under domestic law.

Line 8. Generally, the election will take effect on the date you enter on line 8 of this form,

or on the date filed if no date is entered on line 8. An election specifying an entity's classification for federal tax purposes can take effect no more than 75 days prior to the date the election is filed, nor can it take effect later than 12 months after the date on which the election is filed. If line 8 shows a date more than 75 days prior to the date on which the election is filed, the election will default to 75 days before the date it is filed. If line 8 shows an effective date more than 12 months from the filing date, the election will take effect 12 months after the date the election is filed.

Consent statement and signature(s). Form 8832 must be signed by:

- 1. Each member of the electing entity who is an owner at the time the election is filed; or
- 2. Any officer, manager, or member of the electing entity who is authorized (under local law or the organizational documents) to make the election. The elector represents to having such authorization under penalties of perjury.

If an election is to be effective for any period prior to the time it is filed, each person who was an owner between the date the election is to be effective and the date the election is filed, and who is not an owner at the time the election is filed, must sign.

If you need a continuation sheet or use a separate consent statement, attach it to Form 8832. The separate consent statement must contain the same information as shown on Form 8832.

Note. Do not sign the copy that is attached to your tax return.

Part II. Late Election Relief

Complete Part II only if the entity is requesting late election relief under Rev. Proc. 2009-41.

An eligible entity may be eligible for late election relief under Rev. Proc. 2009-41, 2009-39 I.R.B. 439, if each of the following requirements is met.

1. The entity failed to obtain its requested classification as of the date of its formation (or upon the entity's classification becoming relevant) or failed to obtain its requested change in classification solely because Form 8832 was not filed timely.

2. Either:

- a. The entity has not filed a federal tax or information return for the first year in which the election was intended because the due date has not passed for that year's federal tax or information return; or
- b. The entity has timely filed all required federal tax returns and information returns (or if not timely, within 6 months after its due date, excluding extensions) consistent with its requested classification for all of the years the entity intended the requested election to be effective and no inconsistent tax or information returns have been filed by or with respect to the entity during any of the tax years. If the eligible entity is not required to file a federal tax return or information return, each affected person who is required to file a federal tax return or information return must have timely filed all such returns (or if not timely, within 6 months after its due date, excluding extensions) consistent with the

Form 8832 (Rev. 12-2013) Page **7**

entity's requested classification for all of the years the entity intended the requested election to be effective and no inconsistent tax or information returns have been filed during any of the tax years.

- **3.** The entity has reasonable cause for its failure to timely make the entity classification election.
- **4.** Three years and 75 days from the requested effective date of the eligible entity's classification election have not passed.

Affected person. An affected person is either:

- with respect to the effective date of the eligible entity's classification election, a person who would have been required to attach a copy of the Form 8832 for the eligible entity to its federal tax or information return for the tax year of the person which includes that date; or
- with respect to any subsequent date after the entity's requested effective date of the classification election, a person who would have been required to attach a copy of the Form 8832 for the eligible entity to its federal tax or information return for the person's tax year that includes that subsequent date had the election first become effective on that subsequent date.

For details on the requirement to attach a copy of Form 8832, see Rev. Proc. 2009-41 and the instructions under *Where To File*.

To obtain relief, file Form 8832 with the applicable IRS service center listed in *Where To File*, earlier, within 3 years and 75 days from the requested effective date of the eligible entity's classification election.

If Rev. Proc. 2009-41 does not apply, an entity may seek relief for a late entity election by requesting a private letter ruling and paying a user fee in accordance with Rev. Proc. 2013-1, 2013-1 I.R.B. 1 (or its successor).

Line 11. Explain the reason for the failure to file a timely entity classification election.

Signatures. Part II of Form 8832 must be signed by an authorized representative of the eligible entity and each affected person. See Affected Persons, earlier. The individual or individuals who sign the declaration must have personal knowledge of the facts and circumstances related to the election.

Foreign Entities Classified as Corporations for Federal Tax Purposes:

American Samoa - Corporation

Argentina - Sociedad Anonima

Australia - Public Limited Company

Austria - Aktiengesellschaft

Barbados - Limited Company

Belgium - Societe Anonyme

Belize - Public Limited Company

Bolivia - Sociedad Anonima

Brazil - Sociedade Anonima

Bulgaria - Aktsionerno Druzhestvo

Canada - Corporation and Company

Chile-Sociedad Anonima

People's Republic of China – Gufen Youxian Gongsi Republic of China (Taiwan)

-Ku-fen Yu-hsien Kung-szu

Colombia - Sociedad Anonima

Costa Rica - Sociedad Anonima

Croatia - Dionicko Drustvo

Cyprus - Public Limited Company

Czech Republic - Akciova Spolecnost

Denmark-Aktieselskab

Ecuador – Sociedad Anonima or Compania Anonima

Egypt-Sharikat Al-Mossahamah

El Salvador - Sociedad Anonima

Estonia - Aktsiaselts

European Economic Area/European Union

-Societas Europaea

Finland – Julkinen Osakeyhtio/Publikt Aktiebolag

France-Societe Anonyme

Germany-Aktiengesellschaft

Greece-Anonymos Etairia

Guam - Corporation

Guatemala - Sociedad Anonima

Guyana - Public Limited Company

Honduras - Sociedad Anonima

Hong Kong-Public Limited Company

Hungary-Reszvenytarsasag

Iceland - Hlutafelag

India - Public Limited Company

Indonesia - Perseroan Terbuka

Ireland-Public Limited Company

Israel - Public Limited Company

Italy-Societa per Azioni

Jamaica - Public Limited Company

Japan – Kabushiki Kaisha

Kazakstan - Ashyk Aktsionerlik Kogham

Republic of Korea-Chusik Hoesa

Latvia - Akciju Sabiedriba

Liberia - Corporation

Liechtenstein-Aktiengesellschaft

Lithuania - Akcine Bendroves

Luxembourg - Societe Anonyme

Malaysia - Berhad

Malta - Public Limited Company

Mexico-Sociedad Anonima

Morocco - Societe Anonyme

Netherlands - Naamloze Vennootschap

New Zealand - Limited Company

Nicaragua - Compania Anonima

Nigeria - Public Limited Company

Northern Mariana Islands - Corporation

Norway-Allment Aksjeselskap

Pakistan-Public Limited Company

Panama - Sociedad Anonima

Paraguay-Sociedad Anonima

Peru - Sociedad Anonima

Philippines - Stock Corporation

Poland - Spolka Akcyjna

Portugal - Sociedade Anonima

Puerto Rico - Corporation

Romania - Societe pe Actiuni

Russia – Otkrytoye Aktsionernoy Obshchestvo

Saudi Arabia - Sharikat Al-Mossahamah

Singapore-Public Limited Company

Slovak Republic - Akciova Spolocnost

Slovenia - Delniska Druzba

South Africa - Public Limited Company

Spain-Sociedad Anonima

Surinam - Naamloze Vennootschap

Sweden - Publika Aktiebolag

Switzerland - Aktiengesellschaft

Thailand - Borisat Chamkad (Mahachon)

Trinidad and Tobago - Limited Company

Tunisia – Societe Anonyme

Turkey-Anonim Sirket

Ukraine – Aktsionerne Tovaristvo Vidkritogo Tipu

United Kingdom - Public Limited Company

United States Virgin Islands - Corporation

Uruguay - Sociedad Anonima

Venezuela—Sociedad Anonima or Compania Anonima



See Regulations section 301.7701-2(b)(8) for any exceptions and inclusions to items on this list and for any revisions

made to this list since these instructions were printed.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated average time is:

Recordkeeping 2 hr., 46 min.

Learning about the

law or the form 3 hr., 48 min.

Preparing and sending

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. You can write to the Internal Revenue Service, Tax Forms and Publications, SE:W:CAR:MP:TFP, 1111 Constitution Ave. NW, IR-6526, Washington, DC 20224. Do not send the form to this address. Instead, see *Where To File* above.

EXHIBIT G Schedule SE

SCHEDULE SE (Form 1040)

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service (99

Self-Employment Tax

► Go to www.irs.gov/ScheduleSE for instructions and the latest information.
► Attach to Form 1040 or Form 1040NR.

OMB No. 1545-0074

2017

Attachment
Sequence No. 17

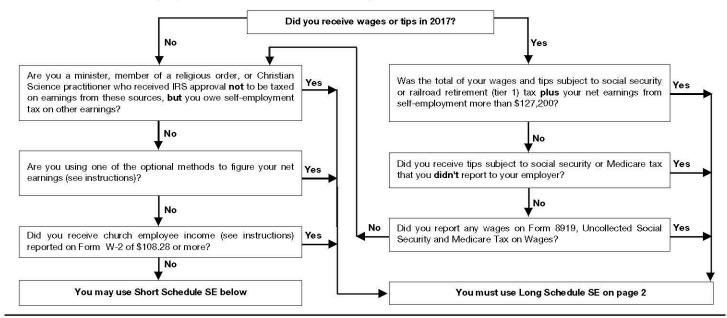
Name of person with self-employment income (as shown on Form 1040 or Form 1040NR)

Social security number of person with self-employment income ▶

Before you begin: To determine if you must file Schedule SE, see the instructions.

May I Use Short Schedule SE or Must I Use Long Schedule SE?

Note: Use this flowchart only if you must file Schedule SE. If unsure, see Who Must File Schedule SE in the instructions.



Section A-Short Schedule SE. Caution: Read above to see if you can use Short Schedule SE.

1a	Net farm profit or (loss) from Schedule F, line 34, and farm partnerships, Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A	1a		
b	If you received social security retirement or disability benefits, enter the amount of Conservation Reserve Program payments included on Schedule F, line 4b, or listed on Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 20, code Z	1b	()
2	Net profit or (loss) from Schedule C, line 31; Schedule C-EZ, line 3; Schedule K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A (other than farming); and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9, code J1. Ministers and members of religious orders, see instructions for types of income to report on			
171200	this line. See instructions for other income to report	2		
3	Combine lines 1a, 1b, and 2	3		
4	Multiply line 3 by 92.35% (0.9235). If less than \$400, you don't owe self-employment tax; don't file this schedule unless you have an amount on line 1b ▶	4		
	Note: If line 4 is less than \$400 due to Conservation Reserve Program payments on line 1b, see instructions.			
5	Self-employment tax. If the amount on line 4 is:			
	• \$127,200 or less, multiply line 4 by 15.3% (0.153). Enter the result here and on Form 1040, line 57 , or Form 1040NR , line 55			
	• More than \$127,200, multiply line 4 by 2.9% (0.029). Then, add \$15,772.80 to the result.			
	Enter the total here and on Form 1040, line 57, or Form 1040NR, line 55	5		
6	Deduction for one-half of self-employment tax.			
	Multiply line 5 by 50% (0.50). Enter the result here and on Form			
	1040, line 27, or Form 1040NR, line 27 6			

Schedule SE (Form 1040) 2017 Attachment Sequence No. 17

107		Autominoria o o quomo o mon		5	~9~ -
lame of	person with self-employment income (as shown on Form 1040 or Form 1040NR)	Social security number of powith self-employment income			
Section	on B-Long Schedule SE				
Part	AND DO SHOULD BE REPORTED BY THE STATE OF TH				
lefinitio	f your only income subject to self-employment tax is church employee incor on of church employee income.				
	If you are a minister, member of a religious order, or Christian Science had \$400 or more of other net earnings from self-employment, check he	re and continue with Part			
1a	Net farm profit or (loss) from Schedule F, line 34, and farm partnerships, Schbox 14, code A. Note: Skip lines 1a and 1b if you use the farm optional methods.		1a		
b	If you received social security retirement or disability benefits, enter the amount Program payments included on Schedule F, line 4b, or listed on Schedule K-1 (For		1b (
	Net profit or (loss) from Schedule C, line 31; Schedule C-EZ, line 3; Schebox 14, code A (other than farming); and Schedule K-1 (Form 1065 Ministers and members of religious orders, see instructions for types of this line. See instructions for other income to report. Note: Skip this line optional method (see instructions)	i-B), box 9, code J1. If income to report on if you use the nonfarm	2		
3	Combine lines 1a, 1b, and 2	E E D S SE E E	3		
4a	If line 3 is more than zero, multiply line 3 by 92.35% (0.9235). Otherwise, er $\bf Note$: If line 4a is less than \$400 due to Conservation Reserve Program payments or		4a		
b	If you elect one or both of the optional methods, enter the total of lines 15	5 and 17 here	4b		
С	Combine lines 4a and 4b. If less than \$400, stop ; you don't owe self-emp Exception : If less than \$400 and you had church employee income , ent	1.57	4c		
	Enter your church employee income from Form W-2. See instructions for definition of church employee income 5a				
	Multiply line 5a by 92.35% (0.9235). If less than \$100, enter -0		5b		
	Add lines 4c and 5b		6		
	Maximum amount of combined wages and self-employment earnings sultax or the 6.2% portion of the 7.65% railroad retirement (tier 1) tax for 20		7	127,200	00
	Total social security wages and tips (total of boxes 3 and 7 on Form(s) W-2) and railroad retirement (tier 1) compensation. If \$127,200 or more, skip lines 8b through 10, and go to line 11 Unreported tips subject to social security tax (from Form 4137, line 10) 8b				
	Wages subject to social security tax (from Form 8919, line 10) 8c				
	Add lines 8a, 8b, and 8c		8d		
	Subtract line 8d from line 7. If zero or less, enter -0- here and on line 10 a		9		
10	Multiply the smaller of line 6 or line 9 by 12.4% (0.124)	55K	10		
11	Multiply line 6 by 2.9% (0.029)	-	11		
	Self-employment tax. Add lines 10 and 11. Enter here and on Form 1040, line 57,		12		
13	Deduction for one-half of self-employment tax.		**		
	Multiply line 12 by 50% (0.50). Enter the result here and on	ış.			
	Form 1040, line 27, or Form 1040NR, line 27				
Part		·			
	Optional Method. You may use this method only if (a) your gross farm	n income¹ wasn't more			
	7,800, or (b) your net farm profits² were less than \$5,631.			5,000	~
14	Maximum income for optional methods		14	5,200	00
15	Enter the smaller of: two-thirds (2/3) of gross farm income¹ (not less than include this amount on line 4b above	E E E E E	15		
nd also of at lea	m Optional Method. You may use this method only if (a) your net nonfarm profit to less than 72.189% of your gross nonfarm income, ⁴ and (b) you had net earning ast \$400 in 2 of the prior 3 years. Caution: You may use this method no more tha	gs from self-employment an five times.			
16	Subtract line 15 from line 14	<u> </u>	16		
17	Enter the smaller of: two-thirds $(^2/_3)$ of gross nonfarm income ⁴ (not less that amount on line 16. Also include this amount on line 4b above		17		

¹ From Sch. F, line 9, and Sch. K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code B.

² From Sch. F, line 34, and Sch. K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A—minus the amount you would have entered on line 1b had you not used the optional method.

 $^{^3}$ From Sch. C, line 31; Sch. C-EZ, line 3; Sch. K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code A; and Sch. K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9, code J1.

⁴ From Sch. C, line 7; Sch. C-EZ, line 1; Sch. K-1 (Form 1065), box 14, code C; and Sch. K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 9, code J2.

EXHIBIT H Application for Name Reservation

APPLICATION FOR NAME RESERVATION

Form NR-1 Rev. 11/2017



West Virginia Secretary of State

Business & Licensing Division Tel: (304)558-8000 Fax: (304)558-8381

Website: www.wvsos.gov

FILE ONE ORIGINAL (Two if you want a filed stamped copy returned to you) FEE: \$15.00

I want to reserve the following name for a period of one hundred twenty (120) days:	
2. The name will be used for a (check <u>one</u>):	
Corporation Limited Liability Company Business Trust Voluntary Association Limited Partnersh Limited Liability	100
3. The person or company reserving this name intends to (check one): Change existing (present) company name original state of registration is	ne.
4. The name and address of the applicant (person or company) is: Street: Name:	
5. Signature information (see * <u>Important Legal Notice Regarding Signature</u> in the attached	instructions):
Signature: Date:	
Title:	
Important Note: This form is a public document. Please DO NOT provide any personal identifiable if form such as social security numbers, bank account numbers, credit card numbers, tax identification or dr	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT (For office use only)	
TO THE APPLICANT:	
The name is reserved for the exclusive use of the applicant for one hundred twenty (beginning and ending	120) days
The name is NOT available (see attached name conflict), and the application is accord	ingly denied.
BV:	

Business & Licensing Clerk

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILING APPLICATION FOR NAME RESERVATION

BEFORE you fill out the application: The name you select will be approved **only** if it is available—that is, if the name is not the same as and is distinguishable from any other name which has been reserved or filed. Before you prepare this application, call the Corporations Division at (304)558-8000 to find out if the name you have chosen is available. **A telephone check on availability of a name is NOT a guarantee, but it will help find a name you can use.** Once your name reservation application is approved, you are guaranteed exclusive use of the name for 120 days, enough time to prepare and submit the actual filing to establish or authorize the type of business you will form.

FILLING OUT THE APPLICATION:

1) The requirements for the name of the new company depends on the laws for each company type.

All company types

The name may not contain any word or phrase which implies that it is organized for any purpose other than the stated purpose of the company.

The terms "banking" and/or "insurance" cannot be used in the business name if the business activity does not include "banking" and/or "insurance."

Words such as "engineer" or "engineering" may only be used if the purpose is to practice professional engineering and one of the principals is a registered WV professional engineer.

Some licensed professions have specific requirements and prohibitions.

The term "911" is prohibited.

Any company which is not a corporation may not use the corporate terms listed below.

Corporation

The name must include one of these words or abbreviations:

Incorporated; Corporation; Company; Limited; Inc.; Corp.; Co.; Ltd.

Limited Liability Company The name must include one of these terms or abbreviations:

Limited Liability Company; Limited Company; L.L.C.; LLC; L.C.; LC; Ltd. Co. "Professional" companies must first obtain board approval for the name and must use either: Professional Limited Liability Company; Professional L.L.C.; Professional LLC;

P.L.L.C.; PLLC

Limited Liability Partnership The name must include one of these terms or abbreviations:

Registered Limited Liability Partnership; L.L.P.; LLP

Limited Partnership

The name must include one of these terms or abbreviations:

Limited Partnership; Ltd. Partnership; L.P.; LP

The name may not contain the name of a limited partner unless that person or company is also a general partner, or unless the business has been carried on under the name

before that limited partner was admitted.

Voluntary Association & Business Trust

May not include any term indicating it is incorporated.

- 2) Sole Proprietorships, General Partnerships and/or Joint Ventures may not reserve a name with the Secretary of State. These types of business structures form through the West Virginia State Tax Department. Check the type of company you plan to form, and make sure the name you propose meets those requirements.
- 3) Check the reason you are reserving the name.
- 4) When you are ready to register the company, the person who signs as the applicant to reserve the name will be required to file the company formation documents with Secretary of State. The applicant is essentially the owner of the name for 120 days. The applicant should be a principal of the company.

5) Signature of the applicant and Date the application is signed.

*Important Legal Notice Regarding Signature:

Corporations/Voluntary Associations/Business Trusts/Unincorporated Nonprofit Associations/Limited Partnerships - Per West Virginia Code §31D-1-129. Penalty for signing false document. Any person who signs a document he or she knows is false in any material respect and knows that the document is to be delivered to the Secretary of State for filing is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars or confined in the county or regional jail not more than one year, or both. Limited Liability Companies/Limited Liability Partnerships - Per West Virginia Code §31B-2-209. Liability for false statement in filed record. If a record authorized or required to be filed under this chapter contains a false statement, one who suffers loss by reliance on the statement may recover damages for the loss from a person who signed the record or caused another to sign it on the person's behalf and knew the statement to be false at the time the record was signed.

Note: A reserved name may be transferred from any other person or company by filing with the Secretary of State a "Notice of Transfer" executed by the applicant for whom the name was reserved, specify the name and address of the transferee.

Important Note: This form is a public document. Please **DO NOT** provide any personal identifiable information on this form such as social security number, bank account numbers, credit card numbers, tax identification or driver's license numbers.

SUBMIT THE COMPLETED APPLICATION ALONG WITH PAYMENT TO THE ADDRESS AT THE TOP OF THE APPLICATION.

Filing Fee -- \$15 Make checks payable to the West Virginia Secretary of State.

EXHIBIT I Application for Tradename (DBA)

APPLICATION FOR TRADE NAME (DBA)

Form NR-3 Rev. 11/2017



West Virginia Secretary of State

Business & Licensing Division Tel: (304)558-8000 Fax: (304)558-8381

Website: www.wvsos.gov

FILE ONE ORIGINAL (Two if you want a filed stamped copy returned to you.)

FILING FEE: \$25

1.	The name of the company applying to register a Trade Name (DBA) is:			
2.	The above company is applying to do business within West Virginia under the following Trade Name (DBA) :			
3.	The address of the principal office:	Address 1:		
		Address 2:		
		City/State/Zip:		
4.	The name, address, signature	···		
	and title of the person having authority to make application:			
		City/State/Zip:		
5.	Is the company operating as a franchise?		nature page(s) of the Franchise Agreement.)	No
6.	Contact Person Name:		Contact Phone #:	
7.	Signature*:	Title:	Date:	

*Important Legal Notice Regarding Signature:

Corporations/Voluntary Associations/Business Trusts/Unincorporated Nonprofit Associations/Limited Partnerships - Per West Virginia Code §31D-1-129. Penalty for signing false document. Any person who signs a document he or she knows is false in any material respect and knows that the document is to be delivered to the Secretary of State for filing is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars or confined in the county or regional jail not more than one year, or both. Limited Liability Companies/Limited Liability Partnerships - Per West Virginia Code §31B-2-209. Liability for false statement in filed record. If a record authorized or required to be filed under this chapter contains a false statement, one who suffers loss by reliance on the statement may recover damages for the loss from a person who signed the record or caused another to sign it on the person's behalf and knew the statement to be false at the time the record was signed.

BEFORE you fill out the application: The name you select will be approved only if it is available—that is, if the name is not the same as and is distinguishable from any other name which has been reserved or filed with the Secretary of State. Before you prepare this application, call the Business & Licensing Division at (304)558-8000 to find out if the name you have chosen is available. A telephone check on availability of a name is not a guarantee, but it will help find a name you can use. As required by §47-8-4 of the West Virginia Code, corporations, associations, limited partnerships, limited liability partnerships, business trusts, and limited liability companies may not conduct business under a trade name or assumed name without first filing an application for registration of trade name with the Secretary of State.

Franchises. If filing as part of a Franchise, you must include a copy of the first page of the Franchise Agreement with this application. The application will be returned to you as incomplete if page one of the Franchise Agreement is not attached.

Important Note: This form is a public document. Please do NOT provide any personal identifiable information on this form such as social security number, bank account numbers, credit card numbers, tax identification or driver's license numbers.

EXHIBIT J West Virginia Trademark Application



Form TM-1 Rev. 2/2018



West Virginia Secretary of State

Business & Licensing Division Tel: (304)558-8000 Fax: (304)558-8381

Website: www.wvsos.gov

FILE ONE ORIGINAL

(Two if you want a filed stamped copy returned to you)

FEE: \$50.00 - Expedited service not available for this type of filing.

(See instructions for complete list of applicable fees.)

	New Ap	plication (MARK NOT PREVIOUSLY R	EGISTER	ED IN WEST VIRGINIA)	
	Renewa	l; Mark last registered on (Date):			
<u>Ap</u>	plicant Info	mation			
1.	Name of Ap	pplicant:			
2.	Business A	ldress:			
3.		is a corporation or partnership, state	of organ	ization:	
4.		is a partnership, list the names of ger			
	General Parti	ner:	Genera	I Partner:	
	General Parti	er:	Genera	l Partner:	
Go	ods or Servi	ees			
5.	The mark is	used on or in connection with the fo	llowing s	goods or services (see instr	ructions):
	= Goods = Services	Description of Goods or Service	s	Mode or Manner Used	Class of Goods Or Services
	G S				
	G s				
	G S				
	G S				
1					

Ma	rk to be Protected
6.	The mark for which the application is made consist of (check one): a graphic symbol only
	a graphic symbol including words or letters
	words or letters in a specific typography
	words or letters only, without regard to typography
7.	Brief description of the mark:
8.	The mark was first used anywhere on: and in West Virginia on:
0	(Date) (Date)
9. E:::	A drawing or representation of the mark is attached in the size and format shown, marked Attachment 1 and, three specimens showing the mark as actually used are attached, marked Attachment 2, 3, and 4.
riii	ing with the U. S. P. T. O.
10.	An application to register this mark, or portions or a composite for this mark has been filed by this applicant (or predecessor in interest) with the United States Patent and Trademark Office: (check one, if yes, all detailed information is required, attach sheet if more than one application has been filed).
	NO – an application has not be filed YES – the specifics of the application(s) are: If more than one filing for this mark or portions or near matches of this mark have been made, attach a separate sheet listing the specifics for each application.
	Date filed with USPTO: Serial No.:
	Status: PENDING APPROVED REFUSED/OTHER (Enter reason below.)
	Reason:
Ver	rification_
11.	I, as applicant or authorized representative of the applicant, hereby certify that: (1) the applicant is the owner of the mark for which this application is made; (2) the mark is in use; (3) to may knowledge, no other person has registered, either federally or in this state, or has the right to use this mark either in the identical form thereof or in such near resemblance to it as to be likely, when applied to the goods or services of that other person, to cause confusion, or to cause mistake, or to deceive; and (4) the information contained in this application is true, to the best of my knowledge.
	Date Signed Name of Person Signing (Type or Print) Signature
	TITLE OF MEMBER OR OFFICER SIGNING IF OTHER THAN INDIVIDUAL APPLICANT:
12.	State of; County of
	Acknowledged before me this day of, 20
	Notary Public
	Mr. Commission Evaluation
	My Commission Expires

Type applicant's name on the line provided. **Leave effective date and WV Serial Number blank.** Place drawing or photo copied representation of mark vertically within the frame. If necessary, enlarge or reduce so that longer dimension is no less than 5" and no more than 6".

Applicant Name:		
Effective Date:	WV Serial No.:	-
Contact Name:	Phone No.:	



Be sure to include the required **ATTACHMENTS 2, 3 and 4** to this application as specified in #9 of the attached instructions. The application will be rejected and returned to you as incomplete without these attached items.

International Schedule of Classes of Goods and Services

Goods

1.	Chemicals used in industry, science and photography, as well as in agriculture, horticulture and
	forestry; unprocessed artificial resins; unprocessed plastics; manures; fire extinguishing
	compositions; tempering and soldering preparations; chemical substances for preserving foodstuffs;
	tanning substances; adhesives used in industry.
_	

- 2. Paints, varnishes, lacquers; preservatives against rust and against deterioration of wood; colorants; mordants; raw natural resins; metals in foil and powder form for painters, decorators, printers and artists.
- 3. Bleaching preparations and other substances for laundry use; cleaning, polishing, scouring and abrasive preparations; soaps; perfumery, essential oils, cosmetics, hair lotions; dentifrices.
- 4. Industrial oils and greases; lubricants; dust absorbing, wetting and binding compositions; fuels (including motor spirit) and illuminants; candles, wicks.
- 5. Pharmaceutical, veterinary, and sanitary preparations; dietetic substances adapted for medical use, food for babies; plasters, materials for dressings; material for stopping teeth, dental wax; disinfectants; preparations for destroying vermin; fungicides, herbicides.
- 6. Common metals and their alloys; metal building materials; transportable buildings of metal; materials of metal for railway tracks; nonelectric cables and wires of common metal; ironmongery, small items of metal hardware; pipes and tubes of metal; safes; goods of common metal not included in other classes; ores.
- 7. Machines and machine tools; motors and engines (except for land vehicles); machine coupling and transmission components (except for land vehicles); agricultural implements other than hand-operated; incubators for eggs.
- 8. Hand tools and implements (hand-operated); cutlery; side arms; razors.
- 9. Scientific, nautical, surveying, electric, photographic, cinematographic, optical, weighing, measuring, signaling, checking (supervision), life-saving and teaching apparatus and instruments; apparatus for recording, transmission or reproduction of sound or images; magnetic data carriers, recording discs; automatic vending machines and mechanisms for coin operated apparatus; cash registers, calculating machines, data processing equipment and computers; fire extinguishing apparatus.
- 10. Surgical, medical, dental, and veterinary apparatus and instruments, artificial limbs, eyes, and teeth; orthopedic articles; suture materials.
- 11. Apparatus for lighting, heating, steam generating, cooking, refrigerating, drying, ventilating, water supply, and sanitary purposes.
- 12. Vehicles; apparatus for locomotion by land, air, or water.
- 13. Firearms; ammunition and projectiles; explosives; fireworks.
- 14. Precious metals and their alloys and goods in precious metals or coated therewith, not included in other classes; jewelry, precious stones; horological and chronometric instruments.
- 15. Musical instruments.
- Paper, cardboard and goods made from these materials, not included in other classes; printed matter; bookbinding material; photographs; stationery; adhesives for stationery or household purposes; artists' materials; paint brushes; typewriters and office requisites (except furniture); instructional and teaching material (except apparatus); plastic materials for packaging (not included in other classes); playing cards; printers' type; printing blocks.
- 17. Rubber, gutta-percha, gum, asbestos, mica and good made from these materials and not included in other classes; plastics in extruded form for use in manufacture; packing, stopping and insulating materials; flexible pipe, not of metal.

- 18. Leather and imitations of leather, and goods made of these materials and not included in other classes; animal skins, hides; trunks and traveling bags; umbrellas, parasols and walking sticks; whips, harness and saddlery.
- 19. Building materials (non-metallic); nonmetallic rigid pipes for building; asphalt, pitch and bitumen; nonmetallic transportable buildings; monuments, not of metal.
- 20. Furniture, mirrors, picture frames; goods (not included in other classes) of wood, cork, reed, cane, wicker, horn, bone, ivory, whalebone, shell, amber, mother-of-pearl, meerschaum and substitutes for all these materials, or of plastics.
- 21. Household or kitchen utensils and containers (not of precious metal or coated therewith); combs and sponges; brushes (except paint brushes); brush-making materials; articles for cleaning purposes; steel-wool; unworked or semi-worked glass (except glass used in building); glassware, porcelain, and earthenware not included in other classes.
- 22. Ropes, string, nets, tents, awnings, tarpaulins, sails, sacks and bags (not included in other classes); padding and stuffing materials (except of rubber or plastics); raw fibrous textile materials.
- 23. Yarns and threads, for textile use.
- 24. Textiles and textile goods, not included in other classes; beds and table covers.
- 25. Clothing, footwear, headgear.
- 26. Lace and embroidery, ribbons and braid; buttons, hooks and eyes, pins and needles; artificial flowers.
- 27. Carpets, rugs, mats and matting, linoleum and other materials for covering existing floors; wall hangings (non-textile).
- 28. Games and playthings; gymnastic and sporting articles not included in other classes; decorations for Christmas trees.
- 29. Meat, fish, poultry and game; meat extracts; preserved, dried and cooked fruits and vegetables; jellies, jams, fruit sauces; eggs, milk and milk products; edible oils and fats.
- 30. Coffee, tea, cocoa, sugar, rice, tapioca, sago, artificial coffee; flour and preparations made from cereals, bread, pastry and confectionery, ices; honey, treacle; yeast, baking powder; salt, mustard; vinegar, sauces (condiments); spices; ice.
- 31. Agricultural, horticultural and forestry products and grains not included in other classes; live animals; fresh fruits and vegetables; seeds, natural plants and flowers; foodstuffs for animals; malt.
- 32. Beers; mineral and aerated waters and other nonalcoholic drinks; fruit drinks and fruit juices; syrups and other preparations for making beverages.
- 33. Alcoholic beverages (except beers).
- 34. Tobacco; smokers' articles; matches.

Services

- 35. Advertising; business management; business administration; office functions.
- 36. Insurance; financial affairs; monetary affairs; real estate affairs.
- 37. Building construction; repair; installation services.
- 38. Telecommunications.
- 39. Transport; packaging and storage of goods; travel arrangement.
- 40. Treatment of materials.
- 41. Education; providing of training; entertainment; sporting and cultural activities.
- 42. Scientific and technological services and research and design relating thereto; industrial analysis and research services; design and development of computer hardware and software; legal services.
- 43. Services for providing food and drink; temporary accommodations.
- 44. Medical services; veterinary services; hygienic and beauty care for human beings or animals; agriculture, horticulture and forestry services.
- 45. Personal and social services rendered by others to meet the needs of individuals; security services for the protection of property and individuals.

Information and Instructions for filing a West Virginia Trademark and Service Mark Application

Due to the nature of the dissolution process, expedited service is not available for this filing.

The West Virginia Legislature adopted H.B. 4858 in 1996 legislative session, entirely rewriting previous state trademark law and replacing it with most of the provisions of the Model State Trademark Bill. The new law, Chapter 47, Article 2 of WV Code, became effective July 1, 1996. It contains these general provisions:

- Allows for registration of both trademarks (to identify goods) and service marks (to identify services):
- Sets restrictions on marks which can be registered;
- Requires the application to include specific information and specimens of the mark;
- Requires secretary of state to establish classification system conforming to international system;
- Establishes a filing procedure, amendment process, and appeal process;
- Sets registration period for new marks at 10 years;
- Provides for renewal, assignment, changes of name and cancellation;
- Provides for record of marks to be available for public examination; and
- Provides penalties and liability for fraudulent use.

WHAT IS A MARK?

A trademark means any word, name, symbol, or device, or any combination of these which is used by a person to identify and distinguish the *goods* of that person, including a unique product, from those manufactured and sold by others, and to indicate the source of the goods.

A service mark means any word, name, symbol, or device, or any combination of these which is used by a person to identify and distinguish the *services* of one person, including a unique service, from the services of others, and to indicate the source of the services. Titles, character names used by a person, and other distinctive features of radio or television programs may be registered as service marks, notwithstanding that they, or the programs, may advertise the goods of the sponsor. [W. Va. Code §47-2-1]

RESTRICTIONS ON REGISTRATION

The Secretary of State is obligated by law to refuse marks which violate these restrictions. A mark:

- 1. May not be immoral, deceptive or scandalous;
- 2. May not disparage or falsely suggest connection with persons, institutions, beliefs, or national symbols, or bring them into contempt or disrepute;
- 3. May not consist of or comprise the flag or coat of arms or other insignia of the United States, any state or municipality, or any foreign nation, or any simulation of these;
- 4. May not be the name, signature or portrait of a living individual without written consent of that person;
- 5. May no be deceptively misdescriptive;
- 6. May not be merely descriptive or geographically descriptive;
- 7. May not be merely a surname;

But: If the applicant can provide proof that a mark restricted under 5, 6, or 7 has become distinctive of the goods or services by continuous use for 5 years, the mark <u>may</u> be registered.

8. May not so resemble a mark registered or a mark or trade name used and not abandoned as to cause confusion.

CLASSIFICATION

The classes of the USPSTO have been adopted in West Virginia. Choose the class or classes which describe the products or services identified by your mark.

COMPLETING THE APPLICATION

The number of each instruction below corresponds to the number on the application form.

- 1. The applicant may be a person or organization such as a corporation, firm, partnership, union association or other organization capable of suing and being sued in a court of law.
- 2. In listing the business address of the applicant, be sure to include any address necessary to receive mail.
- 3. Enter the state in which the corporation, partnership, or other organization is legally organized.
- 4. Enter the names of the partners, if applicable.
- 5. For each different use of the mark, enter the information for that use. Used extra pages if necessary.
 - Column 1 Enter G if the mark is used to identify a product; S if used to identify a service.
 - Column 2 Describe the good or services generally; do not include products in two or more classifications in one descriptions.
 - Column 3 List how the mark is used; for example, emblems or logos on clothing, labels on packaging, logo on company vehicles, symbols in print and broadcast advertising.
 - Column 4 Refer to the classification chart and select the class which most nearly applies.
- 6. Select the correct box.
- 7. Describe the mark as clearly and simply as possible.
- 8. The mark must be in use; and the application must include the first date of use <u>anywhere</u> & <u>in WV</u> by the applicant or previous owner. If the mark has been in use for a long time, be as accurate as possible.
- 9. Attachment 1 must be clearly labeled, and must include a clean, clear drawing or photocopied representation of the mark reduced or enlarged to fit vertically (portrait) within the frame, with the longer dimension no more than six inches and no less than five inches. The permanent record on optical disk storage will be made from this image, and poor quality would jeopardize the protection of your mark as searches are performed. If color is an essential attribute of the mark, provide one color copy and one black and white copy with color areas labeled.
 - Attachments 2, 3, & 4 must be three separate specimens of the mark as actually used, in a two dimensional (flat) condition. If more than one classification of use is listed in 6, the specimens should include one for each class. They may be original, such as paper labels or packaging, cards, letterhead, printed advertising, or a photograph of the use, such as signs on a vehicle, billboard, containers or other large or three dimensional use.
- 10. All applications made to the U.S. Patent & Trademark Office relating to this mark, or portions or a composite of this mark, must be fully reported date filed, serial number, and status. If an application for the mark has been refused or withdrawn, give a clear explanation of the reason.
- 11. The verification and notarization are required. Be sure the notary uses a seal.

FILING WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE

File the completed original application (or two originals if you want a stamped copy returned), along with a fee of \$50 for a mark used in one or two classifications, and an additional \$50 for each additional classification. Make check payable to the WV Secretary of State.